# TRAGEDY

OF

# SOPHONISBA.

Acted at the

# THEATRE-ROYAL

IN

# DRURY-LANE.

By His MAJESTY's Servants.

By Mr. THOMSON.



### LONDON:

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M DCC XXX.





# TO THE

# QUEEN.

MADAM,



HE notice, Your MAJESTY
has condescended to take
of the following Tragedy,
emboldens me to lay it,
in the humblest manner,

at Your Majesty's Feet. And to whom can this illustrious Carthaginian so properly sly for protection, as to a Queen, who commands the hearts of a People, more powerful at sea than Carthage? more flourishing in commerce than those first Merchants? more secure against conquest? and, under a A 2 Monarchy,

# DEDICATION.

Monarchy, more free than a Common-wealth itself?

I dare not, nor indeed need I, here attempt a character, where both the great and the amiable Qualities shine forth in full perfection. All words are faint to speak what is universally felt, and acknowledged, by a happy people. Permit me therefore only to subscribe my felf, with the truest zeal and veneration,

MADAM,

Your MAJESTY'S

Most bumble,

Most dutiful,

And most devoted

Servant,

JAMES THOMSON.



# PREFACE.



T is not my intention, in this preface, to defend any faults that may be found in the following piece. I am afraid there are too many: But those who are best able to discover, will be most ready to pardon

them. They alone know how difficult an undertaking the writing of a tragedy is: and this is a first attempt.

I beg leave only to mention the reason that determined me to make choice of this subject. What pleased me particularly, the perhaps it will not be least liable to objection with ordinary readers, was the great simplicity of the story. It is one, regular, and uniform, not charged with a multiplicity of incidents, and yet affording several revolutions of fortune; by which the passions may be excited, varied, and driven to their full tumult of emotion

This unity of design was always sought after, and admired by the antients: and the most eminent among the moderns, who understood their writings, have chofen to imitate them in this, from anintire conviction that the reason of it must hold good in all ages. And here allow me to translate a passage from the celebrated Monfieur Racine, which contains all that I have to fay on

this head.

"We must not fancy that this rule has no other co foundation but the caprice of those who made it. No-" thing can touch us in tragedy, but what is probable. " And what probability is there, that, in one Day, " should happen a multitude of things, which could ce scarce happen in several Weeks? There are some who ethink that this simplicity is a mark of barrenness of invention. But they do not consider, that, on the

contrary

## PREFACE.

contrary, invention consists in making something out of nothing: and that this huddle of incidents has always

been the refuge of poets, who did not find in their

egenius either richness or force enough to engage their

so spectators, for five acts together, by a simple action, so supported by the violence of passions, the beauty of

ce fentiments, and the nobleness of expression."— I would not be understood to mean that all these things are to be found in my performance: I only shew the reader what I aimed at, and how I would have pleased him,

bad it been in my power.

As to the character of Sophonisba; in drawing it. I have confined myself to the truth of history. It were an affront to the age, to suppose such a character out of nature; especially in a country which has produced so many great examples of public spirit and heroic virtues, even in the fofter fex: and I had destroyed her character intirely, had I not marked it with that strong love to her country, disdain of servitude, and inborn aversion to the Romans, by which all historians have distinguished ber. Nor ought her marrying Masinissa, while her former busband was still alive, to be reckoned a blemish in her character. For, by the laws both of Rome and Carthage, the captivity of the husband dissolved the marriage of course; as among us impotence, or adultery: not to mention the reasons of a moral and public nature, which I have put into her own mouth in the scene betwixt ber and Syphax.

This is all I have to say of the play itself. But I cannot conclude without owning my obligations to those concerned in the representation. They have indeed done me more than justice. Whatever was designed as amiable and engaging in Masinissa shines out in Mr. Wilks's action. Mrs. Oldfield, in the character of Sophonisba, has excelled what, even in the fondness of an author, I could either wish or imagine. The grace, dignity, and happy variety of her action have been universally appland-

ed, and are truly admirable.

# PROLOGUE.

# By a FRIEND.

Spoken by Mr. WILLIAMS.

WHEN learning, after the long Gothic night, Fair, o'er the western world, renew'd his light, With arts arifing Sophonisba rose: The tragic mule, returning, wept her woes. With her th' Italian scene first learnt to glow; And the first tears for her were taught to flow. Her charms the Gallic muses next inspir'd: Corneille himself saw, wonder'd, and was fir'd. What foreign theatres with pride have shewn, Britain, by juster title, makes ber own. When freedom is the cause, 'tis hers to fight; And hers, when freedom is the theme, to write. For this, a British Author bids again The beroine rife, to grace the British scene. Here, as in life, she breathes her genuine flame: She asks what bosom has not felt the same? Asks of the British Youth — Is silence there? She dares to ask it of the British Fair. To night, our home-spun author would be true, At once, to nature, bistory, and you. Well-pleas'd to give our neighbours due applause, He owns their learning, but disdains their laws. Not to his patient touch, or happy flame, Tis to his British heart he trusts for fame. If France excel him in one free-born thought, The man, as well as poet, is in fault. Nature! informer of the poet's art, Whose force alone can raise or melt the heart, Thou art his guide; each passion, every line, Whate'er he draws to please, must all be thine. Be thou his judge: in every candid breast, Thy filent whifter is the facred test.

# The Persons represented.

MASINISSA, King of Massylia,

Syphax, King of Massylia,

Narva, Friend to Massinissa,

Scipio, the Roman General,

Lælius, his Lieutenant,

Mr. Wilks.

Mr. Mills.

Mr. Roberts.

Mr. Williams.

Mr. Williams.

Mr. Bridgewater.

Mr. Bridgewater.

Messenger, Slave, Guards, and Attendants.

SCENE
The Palace of CIRTHA



# SOPHONISBA.

A

# TRAGEDY.

# ACT I. SCENE I.

SOPHONISBA, PHOENISSA.

SOPHONISBA.



6+

HIS hour, Phanissa, this important hour,

Or fixes me a queen, or from a throne

Throws Sophonisha into Roman chains. Detested thought! For now his utmost force

Collected, desperate, distress'd, and fore From battles lost; with all the rage of war, Ill-sated Syphax makes his last effort.

But fay, thou partner of my hopes and fears, Phanissa, fay; while, from the lofty tower, Our straining eyes the field of battle sought,

B

Ali

Ah, thought you not that our Numidian troops Gave up the broken field, and scattering fled, Wild o'er the hills, from the rapacious sons Of still triumphant Rome?

PHOENISSA.

The dream of care!
And think not, madam, Syphax can refign,
But with his ebbing life, in this last field,
A crown, a kingdom, and a queen he loves
Beyond ambition's brightest wish; for whom,
Nor mov'd by threats, nor bound by plighted faich,
He scorn'd the Roman friendship (that fair name
For slavery) and from th' engagements broke
Of Scipio, sam'd for every winning art,
The towering genius of recover'd Rome.

SOPHONISBA.

Oh name him not! These Romans stir my blood To too much rage. I cannot bear the fortune Of that proud people. — Said you not, Phaniffa, That Syphax lov'd me; which would fire his battle. And urge him on to death or conquest? True, He loves me with the madness of desire; His every passion is a slave to love; Nor heeds he danger where I bid him go, Nor leagues, nor interest. Hence these endless wars, These ravag'd countries, these successless fights, Sustain'd for Carthage; whose defence alone Engag'd my loveless marriage-vows with his. But know you not, that in the Roman camp I have a lover too; a gallant, brave, And disappointed lover, full of wrath, Returning to a kingdom whence the fword Of Syphax drove him?

Phoenissa.

Masinissa?

Sophonisba.

He:

Young Masinissa, the Massylian king, The first addresser of my youth; for whom My bosom selt a fond beginning wish,

Extin-

Extinguish'd foon; when once to Scipio's fide Won o'er, and dazled by th' enchanting glare Of that fair feeming heroe, he became A gay admiring flave, yet knew it not. E'er fince, my heart has held him in contempt; And thrown out each idea of his worth, That there began to grow: nay had it been As all-poffeft, and foft, as her's who fits In fecret fhades, or by the falling stream, And wastes her being in unutter'd pangs, I would have broke, or cur'd it of its fondness.

PHOENISSA.

Heroic Sophonisha!

SOPHONISBA.

No, Phanisa;

It is not for the daughter of great Ajdrubal, Descended from a long illustrious line Of Carthaginian heroes, who have oft Fill'd Italy with terror and difinay, And shook the walls of Rome, to pine in love, Like a deluded maid; to give her life, And heart high-beating in her country's cause, Meant not for common aims and houshold cares, To give them up to vain prefuming man; Much less to one who stoops the neck to Rome, An enemy to Carthage, Masinissa.

PHOENISSA.

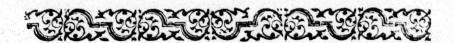
Think not I mean to check that glorious flame, That just ambition which exalts your foul, Fires on your cheek, and lightens in your eye. Yet would he had been yours! this rifing prince; For, trust me, fame is fond of Masinissa. His various fortune, his resplendent deeds, His courage, conduct, deep-experienc'd youth, And vast unbroken spirit in distress, Still rifing stronger from the last defeat, Are all the talk and terror too of Afric.

Who has not heard the story of his woes? How hard he came to his paternal reign; Whence foon by Syphax' unrelenting hate,

And jealous Carthage driven, he with a few Fled to the mountains. Then, I think, it was, Hem'd in a circle of impending rocks, That all his followers fell, fave fifty horse; Who, thence escap'd thro' fecret paths abrupt, Gain'd the Clupean plain. There overtook, And urg'd by fierce furrounding foes, he burft With four alone, fore wounded, thro' their ranks, And all amidst a mighty torrent plung'd. Seiz'd by the whirling gulph, two funk; and two, With him obliquely hurried down the stream, Wrought to the farther shore. Th'astonish'd troops Stood check'd, and shivering on the gloomy brink, And deem'd him loft in the devouring flood. Mean time the dauntless, undespairing youth Lay in a cave conceal'd; curing his wounds With mountain-herbs, and on his horses fed: Nor here, even at the lowest ebb of life, Stoop'd his afpiring mind. What need I fay, How once again reftor'd, and once again Expell'd, among the Garamantian hills He fince has wander'd, till the Roman arm Reviv'd his cause? And who shall reign alone, Syphax or he, this day decides.

SOPHONISBA.

Enough. Thou need'st not blazon thus his same, Phanissa. Were he as glorious as the pride of woman Could wish, in all her wantonness of thought; The joy of humankind; wife, valiant, good; With every praife, with every laurel crown'd; The warriour's wonder, and the virgin's figh: Yet this would cloud him o'er, this blemish all ; His mean fubmiffion to the Roman yoke; That, false to Carthage, Afric, and himself, With proferr'd hand and knee, he hither led These ravagers of earth. — But while we talk, Thework of fate goes on; even now perhaps My dying country bleeds in every vein, And the warm victor thunders at our gate. SCENE



### SCENE II.

Sophonisba, Phoenissa, and to them a Muss. senger from the Battle.

SOPHONISBA.

Ha! Whence art thou? Speak, tho' thy bleeding wounds

Might well excuse thy tongue.

MESSENGER.

Madam escap'd,

With much ado, from you wide death— SOPHONISBA.

No more.

At once thy meaning flashes o'er my soul. Oh all my vanish'd hopes! repairless chance Of undiscerning war! — And is all lost? An universal havock?

MESSENGER.

Madam, all.

For scarce a Masasylian, save my self, But is or seiz'd, or bites the bloody plain. The King—

SOPHONISBA.

Ah! what of him?

MESSENGER.

His fiery steed,

By Masinissa, the Massylian prince, Pierc'd, threw him headlong to his clustering foes; And now he comes in chains.

SOPHONISBA.

'Tis wond'rous fit,

Absolute gods! All Afric is in chains!

The weeping world in chains! — Oh is there not A time,

A time, a righteous time, referv'd in fate, When these oppressors of mankind shall feel The miseries they give; and blindly sight For their own fetters too?—The conquering troops, How points their motion?

MESSENGER.

At my heels they came, Loud-shouting, dreadful, in a cloud of dust, By Masinissa headed.

Sophonisba. Hark! arriv'd.

The murmuring crowd rolls frighted to the palace.

Thou bleed'ft to death, poor faithful wretch, away,

And dress thy wounds, if life be worth thy care; Tho' Rome, methinks, will lose a slave in thee. Would Sopbonisha were as near the verge Of boundless, and immortal liberty!



### SCENE III.

Sophonisba, Phoenissa.

[After a Pause.]

#### SOPHONISBA.

And wherefore not? When liberty is lost,
Let slaves and cowards live; but in the brave
It were a treachery to themselves, enough
To merit chains. And is it fit for me,
Who in my veins, from Asdrubal deriv'd,
Hold Carthaginian enmity to Rome;
On whom I've lavish'd all my burning soul,
In everlasting hate; for whose destruction
I sold my joyless youth to Syphax' arms,
And turn'd him sierce upon them; fit for such

A native, restless, unrelenting foe,
To six down softly-pensive, and await
Th'approaching victor's rage; reserv'd in chains
To grace his triumph, and become the scorn
Of every Roman dame—Gods! how my soul
Disdains the thought! and this shall set it free.

[Offers to stab ber felf.]

PHOENISSA.

Hold, Sophonifba, hold! my friend! my queen! For whom alone I live! hold your rash point, Nor thro your guardian bosom stab your country. That is our last resort, and always sure. The gracious gods are liberal of death; To that last blessing lend a thousand ways. Think not I'd have you live to drag a chain, And walk the triumph of insulting Rome. No, by these tears of loyalty and love! E're I beheld so vile a sight, this hand Should urge the faithful ponyard to your heart, And glory in the deed. But, while hope lives, Let not the generous die. 'Tis late before The brave despair.

SOPHONISBA.

And now my friend indeed! Shew me but hope, One glimpse of hope, and I'll renew my toils, Call patience, labour, fortitude again, The vext unjoyous day, and sleepless night; Nor shrink at danger, any shape of death, Shew me the smallest hope! Alas, Phanissa, Too kindly consident! Hope lives not here, Fled with her sister Liberty beyond The Garamantian hills, to some steep wild. Some undiscover'd country, where the foot Of Roman cannot come.

PHOENISSA.

Yes, there she liv'd With Masinissa, wounded, and forlorn, Amidst the serpents his, and tygers yell.—

SOPHONISBA.

Why nam'st thou him?

PHOENISSA.

Madam, in this forgive My forward zeal; from him proceeds our hope. He lov'd you once; nor is your form impair'd, Warm'd, and unfolded into stronger charms: Ask his protection from the Roman power, You must prevail; for Sopkonisha sure From Masinissa cannot ask in vain.

Sophonisha.

Now, by the prompting genius of my country! I thank thee for the thought. True, there is pain Ev'n in descending thus to beg protection From that degenerate youth. But oh for thee, My sinking country! and again to gaul This hated Rome, what would I not endure? It shall be done, Phanissa; tho' disgust Choak'd up my struggling meaning, shall be done. [kneels.

But here I vow, propitious Juno, hear!

Could every pomp and every pleasure joyn'd,
Love, empire, glory, a whole kneeling world,
Unnerve my smallest purpose, and remit
That most inveterate enmity I bear
The Roman state; may Carthage smoak in ruins!
Rome rise the mistress of mankind! and I,
There an abandon'd slave, drag out a length
Of life, in loathsome baseness, and contempt!
This way the trumpet sounds; let us retire.



SCENE

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#### SCENE IV.

MASINISSA, SYPHAX in Chains, NARVA, Guards, &c.

#### SYPHAX.

Is there no dungeon in this city? dark, As is my troubled foul? That thus I'm brought To my own palace, to those rooms of state, Wont in another manner to receive me, With other figns of royalty than these.

(looking on his chains.)

#### MASINISSA.

I will not wound thee, not infult thee, Syphax, With a recital of thy tyrant crimes. A captive here I fee thee, fallen below My most revengeful wish; and all the rage, The noble fury that inspir'd this morn, Is sunk to soft compassion. In the field, The slaming front of war, there is the scene Of brave revenge; and I have sought thee there, Keen as the hunted lyon seeks his soe. But when a broken enemy, disarm'd, And helpless lies; a falling sword, an eye With pity slowing, and an arm as weak As infant softness, then becomes the brave.

Now sleeps the sword; the passions of the field

Now fleeps the fword; the passions of the field Subside to peace; and my relenting soul Melts at thy sate.

SYPHAX.

This, this, is all I dread, All I deteft, this infolence refin'd,
This barbarous pity, this affected goodness.
Pitied by thee! — Is there a form of death,

Of torture, and of infamy like that?
It kills my very foul! — Ye partial gods!
I feel your worst; why should I fear you more?
Hear me, vain youth! take notice — I abhor
Thy mercy, loath it. — Poison to my thoughts!
Wouldst thou be merciful? One way alone
Thou canst oblige me. — Use me like a slave;
As I would thee, (delicious thought!) wert thou
Here crouching in my power.

MASINISSA.

Outragious man!

If that is mercy, I'll be cruel still.

Nor canst thou drive me, by thy bitterest rage,

To an unmanly deed; not all thy wrongs,

Nor this worse triumph in them.

SYPHAX.

Ha! ha! wrongs? I cannot wrong thee. When we lanch the fpear Into the monster's heart, or crush the serpent; Destroy what in antipathy we hold, The common soe; can that be call'd a wrong? Injurious that? Absurd! it cannot be.

MASINISSA. I'm loth to hurt thee more. — The tyrant works Too fierce already in thy rankled breaft. But fince thou feem'ft to rank me with thy felf, With great destroyers, with perfidious kings; I must reply to thy licentious tongue, Bid thee remember, whose accurred fword Began this work of death; who broke the ties, The holy ties, attested by the gods, Which bind the nations in the bond of peace; Who meanly took advantage of my youth, Unskill'd in arms, unsettled on my throne, And drove me to the defart, there to dwell With kinder monsters; who my cities fack'd, My country pillag'd, and my fubjects murder'd; Who still pursu'd me with inveterate hate, When generous force prov'd vain, with ruffian arts, The villain's dagger, base affassination. And And for no reason all. Brute violence Alone thy plea. — What the least provocation, Say, canst thou but pretend?

SYPHAX.

I needed none.

Nature has in my being fown the feeds Of enmity to thine. - Nay mark me this; Couldst thou restore me to my former state, Strike off these chains, give me the sword again, The sceptre, and the wide-obedient war: Yet must I still, implacable to thee, Seek eagerly thy death, or die my felf. Life cannot hold us both! — Unequal gods! Who love to disappoint mankind, and take All vengeance to your felves; why to the point Of my long-flatter'd wishes did ye lift me, Then fink me thus fo low? Just as I drew The glorious stroke that was to make me happy, Why did you blaft my ftrong extended arm? Strike the dry fword unfated to the ground? But that to mock us is your cruel fport? What else is human life?

MASINISSA.

Thus always join'd With an inhuman heart, and brutal manners, Is irreligion to the ruling gods; Whose schemes our peevish ignorance arraigns, Our thoughtless pride. Thy lost condition, Syphax, Is nothing to the tumult of thy breaft. There lies the sting of evil, there the drop That poisons nature.— Ye mysterious powers! Whose ways are ever-gracious, ever-just, As ye think wifest, best, dispose of me; But, whether thro' your gloomy depths I wander, Or on your mountains walk; give me the calm The fleady, fmiling foul; where wisdom sheds, Eternal funshine and eternal joy. Then, if misfortune comes, she brings along The bravest virtues. And so many great Illustrious spirits have convers'd with woe,

(The pride of adverse fate!) as are enough To consecrate distress, and make even death Ambition.

SYPHAX.

Torture! Racks! The common trick Of infolent fuccefs, unfuffering pride, This prate of patience, and I know not what. 'Tis all a lie, impracticable rant;

And only tends to make me fcorn thee more.

But why this talk? In mercy fend me hence;
Yet—ere I go—Oh fave me from diffraction!
I know, hot youth, thou burneft for my queen;
But by the majefty of ruin'd kings,
And that commanding glory which furrounds her,
I charge thee touch her not!

MASINISSA,

No, Syphax, no.
Thou need'st not charge me. That were mean indeed,
A triumph that to thee. But could I stoop
Again to love her; Thou, what right hast thou,
A captive to her bed? Nor life, nor queen,
Nor ought a captive has. All laws in this,
Roman and Carthaginian, all agree.

SYPHAX.

Here, here, begins the bitterness of death!

Here my chains grind me first!

MASINISSA.

Poor Sopbonista!

She too becomes the prize of conquering Rome;
What most her heart abhors. Alas, how hard
Will slavery sit on her exalted soul!
How piteous hard! But, if I know her well,
She never will endure it, she will die.
For not a Roman burns with nobler ardor,
A higher sense of liberty than she;
And tho' she marry'd thee, her only stain,
False to my youth, and faithless to my vows;
Yet I must own it, from a worthy cause,
From publick spirit did her fault proceed.

#### SYPHAX.

Blue plagues, and poison on thy meddling tongue! Talk not of her; for every word of her Is a keen dagger, griding thro' my heart.

Oh, for a lonely dungeon! where I rather Would talk with my own groans, and great revenge, Than in the mansions of the blest with thee. Hell! Whither must I go?

#### MASINISSA.

Unhappy man! And is thy breast determin'd against peace, On comfort shut?

SYPHAX.
On all, but death, from thee.
MASINISSA.

Narva, be Syphax thy peculiar care; And use him well with tenderness and honour. This evening Lælius, and to morrow Scipio, To Cirtha come. Then let the Romans take Their prisoner.

#### SYPHAX.

There shines a gleam of hope
Across the gloom — From thee deliver'd! — Ease
Breathes in that thought — Lead on — My heart
grows lighter!



# SCENE V.

#### MASINISSA alone.

What dreadful havoc in the human breaft
The passions make, when unconfin'd, and mad,
They burst unguided by the mental eye,
The light of reason; which in various ways
Points them to good, or turns them back from ill.
O save

O fave me from the tumult of the foul!

From the wild beafts within! — For circling fands,
When the fwift whirlwind whelms them o'er the lands;

The roaring deeps that to the clouds arife, While thwarting thick the mingled lightning flies; The monster-brood to which this land gives birth, The blazing city, and the gaping earth; All deaths, all tortures, in one pang combin'd, Are gentle to the tempest of the mind.

The End of the First Ast.





# ACT II. SCENE I.

MASINISSA, NARVA.

MASINISSA.

-'Tis true, my friend, Thou good old man, by whom my youth was form'd, The firm companion of my various life, I own, 'tis true, that Sophonisha's image Lives in my bosom still; and at each glance I take in fecret of the bright idea, A strange disorder seizes on my soul, Which burns with stronger glory. Need I say, How once she had my vows? Till Scipio came, Refiftless man! like a descending God, And fnatch'd me from the Carthaginian fide To nobler Rome; beneath whose laurel'd brow, And ample eye, the nations grow polite, Then thou may'ft remember, Humane and happy. Such is this woman's high impetuous spirit, That all-controlling love she bears her country, Her Carthage; that at this she facrific'd To Syphax, unbelov'd, her blooming years, And won him off from Rome.

NARVA.

My generous prince!

Applauding Afric of thy choice approves.

Fame claps her wings, and virtue fmiles on thee,

Of peace thou foftner, and thou foul of war!

But oh beware of that fair foe to glory,

Woman! and most of Carthaginian woman!

Who has not heard of fatal Punic guile?

Of their fly conquests? their insidious leagues?

Their

Their Afdrubals? their Hannibals? with all Their wily heroes? And, if such their men, What must their women be?

MASINISSA.

You make me smile.

I thank thy honest zeal. But never dread
The firmness of my heart, my strong attachment,

The firmness of my heart, my strong attachment, Severe to Rome, to Scipio, and to Glory. Indeed, I cannot, would not quite forget The grace of Sophonisha; how she look'd, And talk'd, and mov'd, a Pallas, or a Juno! Accomplish'd even in trifles, when she stoop'd Ambition's flight, and with a foften'd eye Gave her quick spirit into gayer life. Then every word was liveliness, and wit; We heard the Muses' song; and the dance swam Thro' all the maze of harmony. I flatter not, Believe me, Narva; yet my panting foul, To Scipio taken in the fair pursuit Of fame, and for my people's happiness, Refign'd this Sophonista; and the now Constrain'd by fost necessity to see her, And she a captive in my power, will still Refign her.

NARVA.

Let me not doubt thy fortitude, My Masinissa, thy exalted purpose
Not to be lost in love; but ah! we know not,
Oft, till experience sighs it to the soul,
The boundless witchcraft of ensnaring woman,
And our own slippery hearts. From Scipio learn
The temperance of heroes. I'll recount
Th' instructive story, what these eyes beheld;
Perhaps you've heard it; but 'tis pleasing still,
Tho' told a thousand times.

MASINISSA.

I burn to hear it.
I oft by my late misfortunes in the defart,
I liv'd a ftranger to the voice of fame,
To Scipio's last exploits. Exalt me now.

Great

Great actions raise the mind. But when a friend, A Scipio does them; then with more than wonder, Even with a fort of vanity we listen.

NARVA.

When to his glorious, first essay in war, New Carthage fell; there all the slower of Spain Were kept in hostage; a full field presenting For Scipio's generosity to shine.

And then it was, that when the heroe heard How I to thee belong'd, he with large gifts,

And friendly words difmis'd me.

MASINISSA.

I remember.

And in his favour that impress'd me first. But to thy story.

NARVA.

What with admiration Struck every heart, was this- A noble virgin, Conspicuous far o'er all the captive dames, Was mark'd the general's prize. She wept, andblush'd, Young, fresh, and blooming like the morn. An eye, As when the blue fky trembles thro' a cloud Of pureft white. A fecret charm combin'd Her features, and infus'd enchantment thro' them. Her shape was harmony. — But eloquence Beneath her beauty fails; which feem'd, on purpose, Pour'd out by lavish nature, that mankind Might fee this action in its highest lustre. Soft, as the pass'd along, with downcast eyes, Where gentle forrow fwell'd, and now and then Dropt o'er her modest cheek a trickling tear; The Roman legions languish'd; and hard war Felt more than pity. Even Scipio's felf, As on his high tribunal rais'd he fat, Turn'd from the piercing fight, and chiding ask'd His officers, if by this gift they meant To cloud his glory in its very dawn. MASINISSA.

Oh Gods! my fluttering heart! On, stop not, Narva.

NARVA.

She question'd of her birth, in trembling accents, With tears and blushes broken, told her tale. But when he found her royally descended, Of her old captive parents the sole joy; And that a haples Celtiberian prince, Her lover and belov'd, forgot his chains, His lost dominions, and for her alone Wept out his tender soul; sudden the heart Of this young, conquering, loving, godlike Roman Felt all the great divinity of virtue. His wishing youth stood check'd, his tempting power, By infinite humanity—

MASINISSA.

Well, well;

And then!

NARVA.

Disdaining guilty doubt, at once
He for her parents and her lover call'd.
The various scene imagine: how his troops
Look'd dubious on, and wonder'd what he meant;
While stretch'd below the trembling suppliants lay,
Rack'd by a thousand mingling passions, fear,
Hope, jealousy, disdain, submission, grief,
Anxiety, and love in every shape.
To these as different sentiments succeeded,
As mixt emotions, when the man divine
Thus the dread silence to the lover broke.
"We both are young both charm'd. The Right

- "We both are young, both charm'd. The Right
- " Has put thy beauteous mistress in my power;
- "With whom I could, in the most facred ties,
- " Live out a happy life: but know that Romans
- "Their hearts as well as enemies can conquer.
- "Then take her to thy foul; and with her take
- " Thy liberty and kingdom. In return
- " I ask but this. When you behold these eyes,
- "These charms, with transport; be a friend to Rome.

  MASINISSA.

There spoke the foul of Scipio — But the Lovers?

NARVA.

#### NARVA.

Joy and extatic wonder held them mute; While the lowd camp, and all the clustring crowd, That hung around, rang with repeated shouts. Fame took th' alarm, and thro' resounding Spain Blew saft the fair report; which, more than arms, Admiring nations to the Romans gain'd,

MASINISSA.

My friend in glory! thy awaken'd prince
Springs at thy faithful tale. It fires my foul,
And nerves each thought anew; apt oft perhaps,
Too much, too much to flacken into love.
But now the foft oppression slies; and all
My mounting powers expand to deeds like thine,
Thou pattern and inspirer of my fame,
Scipio, thou first of men, and best of friends!

What man of foul would live, my Narva, breathe This idle-puffing element; and run, Day after day, the still-returning round Of life's mean offices, and fickly joys; But in compassion to mankind? to be A guardian God below? to diffipate An ardent being in heroic aims? Do fomething vaftly great like what you told? Something to raise him o'er the groveling herd, And make him shine for ever? — Oh, my friend! Bleed every vein about me; every nerve With anguish tremble; every sinew ake; Be toil familiar to my limbs; ambition Mix all my thoughts in an inceffant whirl; The third time may I lose my kingdom; and again Wander the false inhospitable Syrts; Yet oh, ye liberal Gods! in rich award, And ampleft recompence — I ask no more — Share me the wreath of fame from Scipio's brow! But fee, she comes! mark her majestic port.

# RESTREET RESTREET RESTREET RESTREET

## SCENE II.

Masinissa, Sophonisba, Narva, Phoenissa.

SOPHONISBA.

Behold, victorious prince! the scene revers'd; And Sophonisha kneeling here; a captive, O'er whom the Gods, thy Fortune, and thy Virtue, Have given unquestion'd power of life and death. If fuch a one may raise her suppliant voice, Once music to thy ear; if she may touch Thy knee, thy purple, and thy victor-hand; Oh liften, Majinifa! Let thy foul Intenfely liften! While I fervent pray, And strong adjure thee, by that regal state, In which with equal pomp we lately shone! By the Numidian name, our common boast! And by those houshold gods! who may, I wish, With better omens take thee to this palace, Than Syphax hence they fent. As is thy pleasure, In all befide determine of my fate. This, this alone I beg. Never, oh never! Into the cruel, proud, and hated power Of Romans let me fall. Since angry heaven Will have it fo, that I must be a slave, And that a galling chain must bind these hands; It were fome little foftning in my doom, To call a kindred fon of the same clime, A native of Numidia, my lord. But if thou canst not save me from the Romans, If this fad favour be beyond thy power; At least to give me death is what thou canst. Here strike — My naked bosom courts thy sword; And my last breath shall bless thee, Masinissa!

#### MASINISSA.

Rife, Sophonisha, rife. To see thee thus Is a revenge I scorn; and all the man Within me, though much injur'd by thy pride, And spirit too tempestuous for thy sex, Yet blushes to behold thus at my seet, Thus prostrate low, her, for whom kings have kneel'd, The fairest, but the falsest of her sex.

SOPHONISBA.

Spare thy reproach. — 'Tis cruel thus to lofe In ranckling discord, and ungenerous strife, The few remaining moments that divide me From the last evil, bondage — Roman bondage! Yes, thut thy heart against me; thut thy heart Against compassion, every human thought, Even recollected love: yet know, rash Youth! That when thou feeft me fwell their lofty triumph, Thou feeft thy felf in me. This is my day; To morrow may be thine. But here, affur'd, Here will I lie on this vile earth, forlorn, Of hope abandon'd, fince defpis'd by thee; These locks all loose and fordid in the dust: This fullied bosom growing to the ground, Scorch'd up with anguish, and of every shape Of mifery full: till comes the foldier fierce From recent blood; and, in thy very eye, Lays raging his rude fanguinary grafp On these weak limbs; and clinches them in chains. Then if no friendly steel, no nectar'd draught Of deadly poison, can enlarge my foul; It will indignant burst from a slave's body; And, join'd to mighty Dido, fcorn ye all. MASINISSA.

Oh Sophonisha! 'tis not safe to hear thee; And I mistook my heart, to trust it thus. Hence let me sly.

SOPHONISBA.

You shall not, Masinissa! Here will I hold you, tremble here for ever; Here unremitting grow, till you consent.

And

And can'ft thou think, oh! canft thou think to leave me?

Expos'd, defenceless, wretched, here alone? A prey to Romans sluss'd with blood and conquest? The subject of their scorn or baser love? Sure Masinissa cannot; and, tho' chang'd, Tho' cold as that averted look he wears; Sure love can ne'er in generous breasts be lost. To that degree, as not from shame and outrage. To save what once they lov'd.

MASINISSA.

Enchantment! Madness! What would'st thou, Sophonisha? — Oh my heart! My treacherous heart!

SOPHONISBA.

What would I, Masinissa?

My mean request sits blushing on my cheek.

To be thy slave, young prince, is what I beg;
Here Sopbonista kneels to be thy slave;
Yet kneels in vain. But thou'rt a slave thy felf,
And canst not from the Romans save one woman;
Her, who was once the triumph of thy soul;
Ere they seduc'd it by their lying glory.
Immortal gods! and am I fallen so low?
Scorn'd by a lover? by a slave to Rome?
Nought can be worth this baseness, life, nor empire!
I loath me for it. — On this kinder earth,
Then leave me, leave me, to despair and death!
MASINISSA.

What means this conflict with almighty nature? With the whole warring heart? — Rife, quickly rife, In all the conquering majefty of charms, O Sophonifba, rife! while here I fwear, By the tremendous powers that rule mankind! By heaven and earth, and hell! by love, and glory! The Romans shall not hurt you — Romans cannot; For Rome is generous as the gods themselves, And honours, not infults, a generous soe. Yet since you dread them, take this sacred pledge, This hand of surety, by which kings are bound;

By

By which I hold you mine, and vow to treat you, With all the reverence due to ruin'd state, With all the softness of remember'd love, All that can sooth thy fate, and make thee happy.

Sophonisba.

I thank thee, *Mafinissa!* now the fame;
The fame warm youth, exalted, full of foul;
With whom in happier days I wont to pass
The fighing hour: while, dawning fair in love,
All fong and sweetness, life set joyous out;
Ere the black tempest of ambition rose,
And drove us different ways. — Thus dress'd in war,
In nodding plumes, o'ercast with sullen thought,
With purpos'd vengeance dark, I knew thee not;
But now breaks out the beauteous sun anew,
The gay *Numidian* shines who warm'd me once,
Whose love was glory. — Vain ideas, hence!
— Long since my heart, to nobler passions known,
Has your acquaintance scorn'd.

MASINISSA.

Oh! while you talk, Enchanting fair one! my deluded thought Runs back to days of love; when fancy still Found worlds of beauty, ever rifing new To the transported eye; when flattering hope Form'd endless prospects of increasing bliss; And still the credulous heart believ'd them all, Even more than love could promise. — But the scene Is full of danger for a tainted eye; I must not, dare not, will not look that way. O hide it, wisdom, glory, from my view! Or in sweet ruin I shall sink again.

Disafter clouds thy cheek; thy colour goes. Retire, and from the troubles of the day Repose thy weary soul; worn out with care, And rough unhappy thought.

SOPHONISBA.

May Masinissa Ne'er want the goodness he has shewn to me.

### 

# SCENE III.

# MASINISSA, NARVA.

#### MASINISSA.

The danger's o'er, I've heard the Syren's fong, Yet still to glory hold my steady course. I mark'd thy kind concern, thy friendly fears, And own them just; for she has beauty, Narva, So full, so perfect, with so great a soul Inform'd, so pointed high with spirit, As strikes like lightning from the hand of Jove, And raises love to glory.

NARVA.

Ah, my Prince!
Too true, it is too true; her fatal charms
Are powerful, and to Masinissa's heart
But know the way too well. And art thou sure,
That the soft poison, which within thy veins
Lay unextinguish'd, is not rouz'd a new?
Is not this moment working thro' thy soul?
Dost thou not love? Confess.

#### MASINISSA.

What faid my friend,
Of poison? love? of loving Sophonisha?
Yes, I admire her, wonder at her beauty;
And he who does not is as dull as earth,
The cold unanimated form of man,
Ere lighted up with the celestial fire.
Where'er she goes still admiration gazes,
And listens while she talks. Even thou thy felf,
Who saw'st her with the malice of a friend,
Even thou thy felf admir'st her. — Dost thou not?
Say, speak sincerely.

NARVA.

#### NARVA.

She has Charms indeed;
But has she charms like virtue? Tho' majestic;
Does she command us, is her force like glory?
MASINISSA.

All glory's in her eye! Perfection thence Looks from his throne; and on her ample brow Sits majefty. Her features glow with life, Warm with heroic foul. Her mien! — she walks, As when a towering goddess treads this earth. But when her language flows; when such a one Descends to sooth, to sigh, to weep, to grasp The tottering knee; oh! Narva, Narva, oh! Expression here is dumb.

#### NARVA.

Alas! my Lord,

Is this the talk of fober admiration?
Are these the sallies of a heart at ease?
Of Scipio's friend? And was it the calm sense
Of fair persection, that, the while she kneel'd
For what you rashly promis'd, seiz'd your soul;
Stole out in secret transports from your eye;
That writh'd you groaning round, and shook your frame.

#### MASINISSA.

I tell thee once again, too cautious man,
That when a woman begs, a matchless woman,
A woman once belov'd, a fallen queen,
A Sophonisha! when she twines her charms
Around our foul, and all her power of looks,
Of tears, of sighs, of softness, plays upon us;
He's more or less than man who can resist her.
For me, my stedfast soul approves, nay more,
Exults in the protection it has promis'd.
And nought, tho' plighted honour did not bind me,
Shall shake the happy purpose of my heart;
Nought, by th'avenging gods! who heard my vow,
And hear me now again.

NARVA.
And was it then

For this you conquer'd?

MASINISSA.

Yes, and triumph in it. This was my fondest wish; the very point, The plume of glory, the delicious prize Of bleeding years. And I had been a brute, A greater monster than Numidia breeds, A horror to my self; if on the ground, Cast vilely from me, I th'illustrious fair one Had left to bondage, bitterness, and death. Nor is there ought in war worth what I feel; In pomp and hollow state, like this sweet sense Of inselt bliss; which the reslection gives me, Of saving thus such excellence and beauty From her supreme abhorrence.

NARVA.

Masinissa,
My friend! my royal lord! alas! you slide,
You fink from virtue. On the giddy brink
Of fate you stand. — One step, and all is lost!

MASINISSA.

No more, no more! if this is being loft. If this, mistaken! is forsaking virtue, And rushing down the precipice of fate; Then down I go, far far beyond the din Of scrupulous dull precaution. — Leave me, Narva. I want to be alone, to find some Shade, Some solitary gloom; there to shake off This weight of life, this tumult of mankind, This sick ambition on it self recoiling; And there to listen to the gentle voice, The sigh of peace, something, I know not what, That whispers transport to my heart. — Farewel.

#### MANGER BLANDER BLANDER

# SCENE IV.

### NARVA alone.

Struck, and he knows it not. — So when the field, Elate in heart, the warriour fcorns to yield; The ftreaming blood can fcarce convince his eyes; Nor will he feel the wound by which he dies.

The End of the Second Act.





# ACT III. SCENE I.

MASINISSA alone.



N vain I wander thro' the shade for peace;
'Tis with the calm alone, the pure of heart,

That there the goddess talks—But in my breast

Some bufy thought, fome fecret-eating pang, Throbs inexpressible; and rowls from — What? From charm to charm, on Sophonisha still Earnest, intent, devoted all to her. Oh it must out! — 'Tis love, almighty love! Returning on me with a stronger tide. I'll doubt no more, but give it up to love. Come to my breaft, thou rofy-fmiling god! Come unconfin'd! bring all thy joys along, All thy foft cares, and mix them copious here. But why invoke I thee? Thy power is weak, To Sophonisha's eye, thy quiver poor, To the refiftless lightning of her form; And dull thy bare infinuating arts, To the fweet mazes of her flowing tongue. Quick, let me fly to her; and there forget This tedious absence, war, ambition, noise, Even friendship's felf, the vanity of fame, And all but love, for love is more than all!

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## SCENE II.

MASINISSA, NARVA.

#### MASINISSA.

Welcome again, my friend, - Come nearer, Narva; Lend me thine arm, and I will tell thee all, Unfold my fecret heart, whose every pulse With Sophonisha beats. — Nay hear me out — Swift, as I mus'd, the conflagration spread; At once too flrong, too general, to be quench'd. I love, and I approve it, doat upon her, Even think thefe minutes loft I talk with thee. Heavens! what emotions have poffefs'd my foul! Snatch'd by a moment into years of passion.

NARVA.

Ah Mafinissa! —

### MASINISSA.

Argue not against me. Talk down the circling winds that lift the defart; And, touch'd by Heaven, when all the forests blaze, Talk down the flame, but not my stronger love. I have for love a thousand thousand reasons, Dear to the heart, and potent o'er the foul. My ready thoughts all rifing, reftless all, Are a perpetual spring of tenderness; Oh! Sophonisha! Sophonisha! oh!

NARVA.

Is this deceitful day then come to nought? This day, that fet thee on a double throne? That gave thee Syphax chain'd, thy deadly foe? With perfect conquest crown'd thee, perfect glory? Is it fo foon eclips'd? and does you fun, Yon fetting fun, who this fair morning faw thee

Ride

Ride through the ranks of long extended war, As radiant as himfelf; with every glance Wheeling the pointed files; and, when the ftorm Began, beheld thee tread the rifing furge Of battle high, and drive it on the foe; Does he now, blufhing, fee thee funk fo weak? Caught in a fmile? the captive of a look? I cannot name it without tears.

MASINISSA.

Away!

I'm fick of war, of the destroying trade,

Smooth'd o'er, and gilded with the name of glory.

Thou need'st not spread the martial field to me;

My happier eyes are turn'd another way,

Behold it not; or, if they do, behold it

Shrunk up, far off, a visionary scene;

As to the waking man appears the dream.

NARVA.

Or rather as realities appear, The virtue, pomp, and dignities of life, In fick diforder'd dreams.

MASINISSA.

Think not I fcorn The task of heroes, when oppression rages, And lawless violence confounds the world. Who would not bleed with transport for his country, Tear every dear relation from his heart, And greatly die to make a people happy; Ought not to tafte of happiness himself, And is low-foul'd indeed - But fure, my friend, There is a time for love, or life were vile! A fickly circle of revolving days, Led on by hope, with fenfeless hurry fill'd, And clos'd by disappointment. Round and round, Still hope for ever wheels the daily cheat; Impudent hope! unjoyous madness all! Till love comes flealing in, with his kind hours, His healing lips, his cordial fweets, his cares. Infufing joy, his joys ineffable! That make the poor account of life compleat, And And justify the Gods.

NARVA.

Mistaken Prince,

I blame not love. But —

MASINISSA.

Slander not my passion.

I've fuffer'd thee too far. - Take heed, old man. -Love will not bear an accufation, Narva.

NARVA.

I'll fpeak the truth, when truth and friendship call, Nor fear thy frown unkind. - Thou hast no right To Sophanisha; she belongs to Rome.

MASINISSA.

Ha! fhe belongs to Rome.—'Tis true — My thoughts Where have you wander'd, not to think of this? Think e'er I promis'd? e'er I lov'd? — Confusion! I know not what I fay — I should have lov'd, Tho' Jove in muttering thunder had forbid it. But Rome will not refuse so small a boon, Whose gifts are kingdoms; Rome must grant it sure, One captive to my wish, one poor request, So fmall to them, but oh fo dear to me! Here let my heart confide.

NARVA.

Delufive love!

Thro' what wild projects is the frantick mind Beguil'd by thee? — And think'ft thou that the  $R_{\theta}$ mans,

The fenators of Rome, these gods on earth, Wife, steady to the right, severely just, All incorrupt, and like eternal fate Not to be mov'd, will liften to the figh Of idle love? They, when their country calls, Who know no pain, no tenderness, no joy, But bid their children bleed before their eyes; That they'll regard the light fantaftick pangs Of a fond heart? and with thy kingdom give thee Their most inveterate foe; from their firm side, Like Syphax, to delude thee? and the point Of their own bounty on themselves to turn?

Thou

Thou canst not hope it fure. — Impossible!

MASINISSA.

What shall I do?—Be now the friend exerted. For love and honour press me; love and honour, All that is dear and excellent in life, All that or sooths the man or lifts the heroe, Bind my soul deep.

NARVA.

Rash was your vow, my lord. I know not what to counsel. — When you vow'd, You vow'd what was not in your power to grant; And therefore 'tis not binding.

MASINISSA.

Never! Never!

Oh never will I falfify that vow! E'er then destruction seize me! Yes, ye Romans, If it be so, there, take your kingdoms back, Your royal gewgaws, all for Sophonisha!

Hold, — Let me think a while — It shall be so!

By all th'inspiring gods that prompt my thought!

This very night shall solemnize our vows;

And the next joyous sun, that visits Afric,

See Sophonisha seated on my throne. —

Then if they spare her not, — not spare my queen,—

Perdition on their stubborn pride call'd virtue!

Be theirs the world, but Sophonisha mine!

NARVA.

And is it possible, ye Gods, that rule us! Can Masinissa in his pride of youth, In his meridian glory shining wide, The light of Asric, and the friend of Scipio; He take a woman to the nuptial bed, Who scorn'd him for a tyrant, old, and peevish, His rancorous foe? and gave her untouch'd bloom, Her spring of charms to Syphax?

MASINISSA.

Horrid friendship!
This, this, has thrown a serpent to my heart;
While it o'erslow'd with tenderness, with joy,
With

With all the fweetness of exulting love. Now nought but gall is there, and burning poifon! Yes, it was fo! — Curfe on her vain ambition! What had her medling fex to do with states? The Business of men! For him! for Syphax! Forfook for him! my love for his gross passion! The thought is hell! — Oh I had treafur'd up A world of indignation, years of fcorn; But her fad fuppliant witchcraft footh'd it down. Where is she now? That it may burst upon her; Bear her unbounded from me, down the torrent, Far, far away! And tho' my plighted faith, Shall fave her from the Romans, yet to tell her, That I will never, never fee her more! Ha! there she comes. — Pernicious fair one!—Leave me.

# 

## SCENE III.

SOPHONISBA, MASINISSA.

## SOPHONISBA.

Forgive this quick return. — The rage, confusion, And mingled passions of this luckless day, Made me forget another warm request I had to beg of generous Masinissa; For oh to whom, save to the generous, can The miserable sty? — But much disturb'd You look, and scowl upon me a denial. Repentance frowns on your contracted brow. Already, weary of my sinking sate, You seem to droop; and for unhappy Sypham I shall implore in vain.

MASINISSA.

For Syphax? vengeance!

And canst thou mention him? Oh grant me breath!

F SOPEO-

SOPHONISBA.

I know, young prince, how deep he has provok'd thee;

How keen he fought thy youth; thro' what a fire Of great diffrefs, from which you come the brighter.

On dull indifferent objects, or perhaps
Dislik'd a little, 'tis but common bounty
To shower relief; but when our bitterest foe
Lies sunk, disarm'd, and desolate, then! then!
To feel the mercies of a pitying God,
To raise him from the dust, and that best way
To triumph o'er him, is heroic goodness.
Oh let unhappy Syphax touch thy heart,
Victorious Masinissa!

Masinissa.
Monstrous this!

Still dost thou blast me with that cursed name! The very name thy conscious guilt should shun.

Oh had he heap'd all ills upon my head, While it was young, and for the storm unfit; Had he but driven me from my native throne, From regal pomp and luxury, to dwell Among the forest beasts; to bear the beam Of red Numidian funs, and the rank dew · Of cold unshelter'd nights; to mix with wolves, To hunt with hungry tygers for my prey, And thirst with Dipsas on the burning fand; I could have thank'd him for his angry leffon; The fair occasion that his rage afforded Of learning patience, fortitude, and hope, Still rifing stronger on incumbent fate, And all that try'd humanity can dictate. But there is one curs'd bitterness behind, One injury, the man can never pardon; That scorches up the tear in pity's eye, And even fweet mercy's felf converts to gall. I cannot — will not name it — Heart of anguish! Down! down!

SOPHONISBA.

Ah! whence this fudden florm? this madness, That hurries all thy foul?

MASINISSA.

And doft thou ask?

Ask thy own faithless heart; snatch'd from my Vows, From the warm wishes of my springing youth, And given to that old hated monster, Syphax. Perfidious Sophonisha!

SOPHONISBA.

Nay no more.

With too much truth I can return thy charge.
Why didst thou drive me to that cruel choice?
Why leave me, with my country, to destruction?
Why break thy love? thy faith? and join the Romans?

MASINISSA.

By heavens! the Romans were my better genius, Sav'd me from fate, and form'd my youth to glory; But for the Romans I had been a favage, A wretch like Syphax, a forgotten thing, The tool of Carthage.

SOPHONISBA.

Meddle not with Carthage, Impatient youth, for that I will not bear; Tho' here I were a thousand fold thy slave. Not one base word of Carthage — on thy soul!

MASINISSA.

How vain thy phrenzy! Go, command thy flaves, Thy fools, thy Syphaxes; but I will fpeak, Speak loud of Carthage, call it false, ungenerous, —Yet shall I check me, since it is thy country? While the Romans are the light, the glory — SOPHONISBA.

Romans!

Perdition on the Romans! — and almost On thee too — Romans are the scourge Of the red world, destroyers of mankind, The rushians, ravagers of earth; and all

Beneath

Beneath the smooth dissimulating mask Of justice, and compassion; as if slave Was but another name for civiliz'd. All vengeance on the Romans! — While sair Carthage Unblemish'd rises on the base of commerce; And asks of heaven nought but the general winds, And common tides, to carry plenty, joy, Civility, and grandeur, round the world.

MASINISSA.

No more compare them! for the gods themselves Declare for Rome.

SOPHONISBA.

It was not always fo.
The gods declar'd for Hannibal; when Italy
Blaz'd all around him, all her streams ran blood,
All her incarnate vales were vile with death;
And when at Trebia, Thrasymene, and Cannæ,
The Carthaginian sword with Roman blood
Was drunk — Oh that he then, on that dread day,
While lifeless consternation blacken'd Rome,
Had raz'd th' accursed city to the ground,
And sav'd the world! — When will it come again,
A day so glorious, and so big with vengeance,
On those my soul abhors?

MASINISSA.

Avert it heaven!
The Romans not enflave, but fave the world
From Carthaginian rage.—

SOPHONISBA.

I'll bear no more!

Nor tenderness, nor life, nor liberty,
Nothing shall make me bear it. — Perish Rome!
And all her menial friends! — Yes, rather, rather,
Detested as ye are, ye Romans, take me,
Oh pitying take me to your nobler chains!
And save me from this abject youth, your slave!
— How canst thou kill me thus? —

MASINISSA.

I meant it not.

I only meant to tell thee, haughty fair one!

How

How this alone might bind me to the Romans; That, in a frail and sliding hour, they snatch'd me From the perdition of thy love; which fell, Like baleful lightning, where I most could wish, And prov'd destruction to my mortal foe. Oh pleasing! fortunate!

SOPHONISBA.

I thank them too.

By heavens! for once, I love them; fince they turn'd My better thoughts from thee, thou — But I will not Give thee the name, thy mean fervility From my just scorn deserves.

MASINISSA.

Oh freely call me,

By every name thy fury can inspire;
Enrich me with contempt — I love no more —
It will not hurt me, Sophonisha. — Love,
Long since I gave it to the passing winds,
And would not be a lover for the world.
A lover is the very fool of nature;
Made sick by his own wantonness of thought,
His seaver'd sancy: while, to your own charms
Imputing all, you swell with boundless pride.
Shame on the wretch! who should be driven from men,

To live with Asian slaves, in one fost herd, All wretched, all ridiculous together.

For me, this moment, here I mean to bid Farewel, a glad farewel to love and thee.

SOPHONISBA.

With all my foul, farewel! — Yet, ere you go; Know that my fpirit burns as high as thine, As high to glory, and as low to love.

Thy promises are void; and I absolve thee, Here in the presence of the listning gods. — Take thy repented vows — To proud Cornelia I'd rather be a slave, to Scipio's mother; Than queen of all Numidia, by the savour Of him, who dares insult the helpless thus.

(Paufing.)

Still dost thou stay? behold me then again, Hopeless, and wild, a lost abandon'd slave. And now thy brutal purpose must be gain'd. Away, thou cruel, and ungenerous, go!

MASINISSA.

No, not for worlds would I refume my vow! Dishonour blast me then! all kind of ills Fill up my cup of bitterness, and shame! When I resign thee to triumphant Rome.

Oh lean not thus dejected to the ground! The fight is mifery. — what roots me here?

Alas! I have urg'd my foolish heart too far; And love depress'd recoils with greater force.

Oh Sophonisha!

SOPHONISBA.

By thy pride she dies.

Inhuman prince!

MASINISSA.

Thine is the conquest, nature!
By heaven and earth! I cannot hold it more.
Wretch that I was! to crush th' unhappy thus;
The fairest too, the dearest of her sex!
For whom my soul could dye!—Turn, quickly turn,
O Sophonisha! my belov'd! my glory!
Turn and forgive the violence of love,
Of love that knows no bounds!

SOPHONISBA.

And can it be?
Can that foft passion prove so fierce of heart,
As on the tears of misery, the sighs
Of death, to feast? to torture what it loves?
MASINISSA.

Yes it can be, thou goddess of my soul! Whose each emotion is but varied love, All over love, its powers, its passions, all: Its anger, indignation, sury, love; Its pride, distain, even detestation, love; And when it, wild, resolves to love no more, Then is the triumph of excessive love.

Didft

Didst thou not mark me? mark the dubious rage, That tore my heart with anguish while I talk'd? Thou didst; and must forgive so kind a fault. What would thy trembling lips?

SOPHONISBA.

That I must die.

For fuch another storm, so much contempt Thrown out on Carthage, so much praise on Rome, Were worse than death. Why should I longer tire My weary sate? The most relentless Roman What could be more?

MASINISSA.

Oh Sophonisha, hear!

See me thy suppliant now. Talk not of death.

I have no life but thee. — Alas! Alas!

Hadst thou a little tenderness for me,

The smallest part of what I feel, thou wouldst —

What wouldst thou not forgive? But how indeed

How can I hope it? Yet I from this moment,

Will so devote my being to thy pleasure,

So live alone to gain thee; that thou must,

If there is human nature in thy breast,

Feel some relenting warmth.

SOPHONISBA.

Well, well, 'tis past.

To be inexorable fuits not flaves.

MASINISSA.

Spare, fpare that word; it stabs me to the foul; My crown, my life, and liberty are thine.

Oh give my passion way! My heart is full, Oppress'd by love; and I could number tears, With all the dews that sprinkle o'er the morn; While thus with thee conversing, thus with thee Even happy to distress. — Enough, enough, Have we been cheated by the trick of state, For Rome and Carthage suffer'd much too long; And led, by gaudy fantoms, wander'd far, Far from our bliss. But now since met again, Since here I hold thee, circle all perfection, The prize of life! since fate too presses hard,

Since

Since Rome and flavery drive thee to the brink; Let this immediate night exchange our vows. Secure my blifs, our future fortunes blend, Set thee, the queen of beauty, on my throne, And make it doubly mine. — A wretched gift To what my love could give!

SOPHONISBA.

What? marry thee?

This night?

MASINISSA.

Thou dear one! yes, this very night, Let injur'd Hymen have his rights restor'd, And bind our broken vows. — Think, ferious, think!

On what I plead. — A thousand reasons urge. — Captivity diffolves thy former marriage; And if 'tis with the meanest vulgar so, Can Sophonisha to a flave, to Syphax, The most exalted of her fex, be bound? Befides it is the best, perhaps sole way, To fave thee from the Romans; and must fure Bar their pretenfions: or if ruin comes, To perish with thee is to perish happy. SOPHONISBA.

Yet must I still insist.

MASINISSA.

It shall be so. I know thy purpose; it would plead for Syphan. He shall have all, thou dearest! shall have all, Crowns, trifles, kingdoms, all again, but thee, But thee, thou more than all!

SOPHONISBA.

(Afide) Bear witness heaven!

This is alone for Caribage.

(To bim)

Gain'd by goodness, I may be thine. Expect no love, no fighing. Perhaps, hereafter, I may learn again To hold thee dear. If on these terms thou canst,

Here

Here take me, take me, to thy wishes.

MASINISSA.

Yes,

Yes, Sophonisha! as a wretch takes life
From off the bleeding rack. — All wild with joy,
Thus hold thee, press thee, to my bounding heart;
And bless the bounteous Gods. — Can heaven give more?

Oh happy! happy! — Come, my fair, This ready minute fees thy will perform'd; From Syphax knocks his chains; and I my felf, Even in his favour, will request the Romans.

Oh, thou hast smil'd my passions into peace! So, while conslicting winds embroil'd the Seas, In perfect bloom, warm with immortal blood, Young Venus rear'd her o'er the raging flood; She smil'd around, like thine her beauties glow'd; When smooth, in gentle swells, the surges flow'd; Sunk, by degrees, into a liquid plain; And one bright calm sat trembling on the main.

The End of the Third Act.





## ACT IV. SCENE I.

SOPHONISBA, PHOENISSA.

#### PHOENISSA.



A I L queen of *Masasylia* once again!

And fair *Massylia* join'd! This rising day

Saw Sophonisha, from the height of life,

Thrown to the very brink of slavery:

State, honours, armies vanquish'd; nothing left But her own great unconquerable mind. And yet, ere evening comes, to larger power Restor'd, I see my royal friend; and kneel In grateful homage to the Gods, and her.

Ye Powers, what awful changes often mark

The fortunes of the great!

### SOPHONISBA.

Phanissa, true; 'Tis awful all, the wonderous work of fate. But ah! this fudden marriage damps my foul; I like it not, that wild precipitance Of youth, that ardor, that impetuous stream In which his love return'd. At first, my friend, He vainly rag'd with disappointed love; And, as the hasty storm subsided, then To foftness varied, to returning fondness, To fighs, to tears, to supplicating vows; But all his vows were idle, till at last He shook my heart by Rome. — To be his queen, Could only fave me from their horrid power. And there is madness in that thought, enough In that strong thought alone to make me run From nature.

PHOE-

PHOENISSA.

Was it not auspicious, madam?
Just as we hop'd? just as our wishes plan'd?
Nor let your spirit sink. Your serious hours,
When you behold the Roman ravage check'd,
From their enchantment Masinissa freed,
And Carthage mistress of the world again,
This marriage will approve: then will it rise
In all its glory, virtuous, wise and great,
While happy nations, then deliver'd, join
Their loud acclaim. And, had the white occasion
Neglected flown, where now had been your hopes?
Your liberty? your country? where your all?
Think well of this, think that, think every way,
And Sophonisha cannot but exult
In what is done.

SOPHONISBA.

So may my hopes succeed!
As love alone to Carthage, to the public,
Led me a marriage-victim to the temple,
And justifies my vows. — Ha! Syphax here!
What would his rage with me? — Phanissa, stay.
But this one tryal more — Heroic truth,
Support me now!

# 

# SCENE II.

SYPHAX, SOPHONISBA, PHOENISSA.

SYPHAX.

You feem to fly me, madam,
To flun my gratulations. — Here I come,
To join the general joy; and I, fure I,
Who have to dotage, have to ruin lov'd you,
Must take a tender part in your success,
In your recover'd state.

G 2

SOPHO-

'Tis very well.

I thank you, fir.

SYPHAX.

And gentle Masinissa,
Say, will he prove a very coming fool?
All pliant, all devoted to your will?
A glorious wretch like Syphax? — Ha! not mov'd!
Speak, thou perfidious! canst thou bear it thus?
With such a steady countenance? canst thou
Here see the man thou hast so grossy wrong'd,
And yet not sink in shame? And yet not shake
In every guilty nerve?

SOPHONISBA.

What have I done,
That I should tremble? that I should not dare
To bear thy presence? Was my heart to blame,
I'd tremble for my self, and not for thee,
Proud man! Nor would I live to be asham'd.
My soul it self would die, could the least shame
On her unspotted same be justly cast:
For of all evils, to the generous, shame
Is the last deadly pang. — But you behold
My late engagement with a jealous, salse,
And selfish eye.

SYPHAX.

Avenging Juno, hear! And canst thou think to justify thy self? I blush to hear thee, traitress!

SOPHONISBA.

O my foul!

Canst thou hear this, this base opprobrious language,
And yet be tamely calm? — Well, well, for once
It shall be so — in pity to thy madness —
Impatient spirit down! — Yes, Syphax, yes,
Yes I will greatly justify my self;
Even by the consort of the thundering Jove,
Who binds the holy marriage-vow, be judg'd.
And every public heart, not meanly lost
In little low pursuits, to wretched self

Not

Not all devoted, will absolve me too. But in the tempest of the foul, when rage, Loud indignation, unattending pride, And jealoufy confound it, how can then The nobler passions, how can they be heard? Yet let me tell thee -

SYPHAX.

Thou canst tell me nought. Away! away! nought but illufion, falfhood -SOPHONISBA.

My heart will burft, in honour to my felf, If here I fpeak not; tho' thy rage, I know, Can never be convinc'd, yet shall it be Confounded. — And must I renounce my freedom? Forgoe the power of doing general good? Mult yield my felf the flave, the barbarous triumph Of infolent, enrag'd, inveterate Rome? And all for nothing but to grace thy fall? Nay by my felf to perish for thy pleasure? For thee, the Romans may be mild to thee; But I, a Carthaginian, I, whose blood Holds unrelenting enmity to theirs; Who have my felf much hurt them, and who live

Alone to work them woe; what, what can I Hope from their vengeance, but the very dregs Of the worst fate, the bitterness of bondage? Yet thou, thou kind man, wouldst in thy generous love, Wouldst have me suffer that; be bound to thee, For that dire end alone, beyond the stretch

Of nature, and of law.

SYPHAX.

Confusion! Law! I know the laws permit thee, the gross laws That rule the vulgar. I'm a captive, true; And therefore may'ft thou plead a shameful right To leave me to my chains - But fay, thou base one! Ungrateful! fay, for whom am I a captive? For whom these many years with war, and death, Defeats, and defolation have I liv'd? For whom has battle after battle bled?

For whom my crown, my kingdom, and my all, Been vilely cast away? For whom this day, This very day, have I been stain'd with slaughter? With you last reeking field? — For one, ye gods! Who leaves me for the victor, for the wretch I hold in utter endless detestation. Fire! fury! hell! — Oh I am richly paid! — But thus it is to love a woman — Woman! The fource of all difafter, all perdition! Man in himself is social, would be happy, Too happy; but the gods, to keep him down, Curs'd him with woman! fond, enchanting, fmooth, And harmlefs-feeming woman; while at heart All poison, ferpents, tygers, furies, all That is destructive, in one form combin'd, And gilded o'er with beauty!

SOPHONISBA.

Haples man!

I pity thee; this madness only stirs
My bosom to compassion, not to rage.
Think as you list of our unhappy sex,
Too much subjected to your tyrant force;
Yet know that all, we were not all, at least,
Form'd for your trisles, for your wanton hours.
Our passions too can sometimes soar above
The houshold task assign'd us, can expand
Beyond the narrow sphere of samilies,
And take in states into the panting heart,
As well as yours, ye partial to yourselves!
And this is my support, my joy, my glory,
The Conscience that my heart abhors all baseness,
And of all baseness most ingratitude.

This fure affronted honour may declare, With an unblufhing cheek.

SYPHAX.

False, false as Hell!
False as your sex! when it pretends to virtue.
You talk of honour, conscience, patriotism.
A semale patriot! — Vanity! — Absurd!
Even doating dull credulity would laugh

To fcorn your talk. Was over Woman yet Had any better purpose in her eye, Than how to please her pride or wanton will? In various shapes, and various manners, all, All the same plagues, or open, or conceal'd, The bane of life!

SOPHONISBA.

Must I then, must I, Syphax, Give thee a bitter proof of what I say? I would not seem to heighten thy distress, Not in the least insult thee; thou art fallen, So sate severe has will'd it, sallen by me. I therefore have been patient; from another, Such language, such indignity, had fir'd My soul to madness. But since driven so far, I must remind thy blind injurious rage Of our unhappy Marriage.—

SYPHAX.

Horror! - Oh!

Blot it eternal night!

SOPHONISBA.

Allow me, Syphax!
Hear me but once! If what I here declare
Shines not with reason, and the clearest truth;
May I be base, despis'd, and dumb for ever!

I pray thee think, when unpropitious Hymen Our hands united, how I flood engag'd. I need not mention what full well thou know'ft. But pray recal, was I not flatter'd? young? With blooming life elate, with the warm years Of vanity? funk in a passion too, Which sew resign? Yet then I married thee, Because to Carthage deem'd a stronger friend; For that alone. On these conditions, say, Didst thou not take me, court me to thy throne? Have I deceiv'd thee since? Have I dissembled? To gain one purpose, e'er pretended what I never selt? Thou canst not say I have. And if that principle, which then inspir'd My marrying thee, was right, it cannot now

Be wrong. Nay fince my native city wants Affistance more, and finking calls for aid, Must be more right—

SYPHAX.

This reasoning is insult! SOPHONISBA.

I'm forry that thou dost oblige me to it. Then in a word take my full-open'd foul.

All love, but that of Carthage, I despise.

I formerly to Masinissa thee
Preferr'd not, nor to thee now Masinissa,
But Carthage to you both. And if preferring
Thousands to one, a whole collected people,
All nature's tenderness, whate'er is facred,
The liberty the welfare of a state,

To one man's frantic happiness, be shame; Here, Syphax, I invoke it on my head!

This fet afide; I, careless of my self,
And, scorning prosperous state, had still been thine,
In all the depth of misery proudly thine!
But since the public good, the law supreme,
Forbids it; I will leave thee with a kingdom,
The same I sound thee, or not reign my self.

Alas! I fee thee hurt — Why cam'it thou here,

Thus to inflame thee more?

SYPHAX.

Why forceres? why?
Thou complication of all deadly mischief!
Thou lying, foothing, specious, charming fury!
I'll tell thee why — To breathe my great revenge;
To throw this load of burning madness from me;
To stab thee!—

SOPHONISBA.

Ha! -

SYPHAX.

And, fpringing from thy heart, To quench me with thy blood!

(Phanissa interposes)

SOPHONISBA.

Off, give me way!

Phanissa; tempt not thou his brutal rage. Me, me, he dares not murder: if he dares, Here let his fury strike; for I dare die. What holds thy trembling point?

PHOENISSA.

Guards!

SOPHONISBA.

Seize the king.

But look you treat him well, with all the state His dignity demands.

SYPHAX.

Goodness from thee

Is the worst death, — The Roman trumpets! — Ha! Now I bethink me, Rome will do me justice. Yes, I shall see thee walk the slave of Rome; Forget my wrongs, and glut me with the sight. Be that my best revenge.

SOPHONISBA.
Inhuman! that,

If there is death in Afric, shall not be.



## SCENE III.

LÆLIUS, SYPHAX.

LÆLIUS.

Syphax! alas, how fallen! how chang'd! from what I here beheld thee once in pomp, and splendor, At that illustrious interview, when Rome And Carthage met beneath this very roof, Their too great generals, Asarbal and Scipio, To court thy friendship. Of the same repast Both gracefully partook, and both reclin'd

On the same couch: for personal distaste And hatred seldom burn between the brave. Then the superiour virtues of the Roman Gain'd all thy heart. Even Astrabal himself, With admiration struck and just despair, Own'd him as dreadful at the social feast As in the battle. This thou may'st remember; And how thy faith was given before the Gods, And sworn and seal'd to Scipio; yet how salse Thou since has prov'd, I need not now recount: But let thy sufferings for thy guilt attone, The captive for the king. A Roman tongue Scorns to pursue the triumph of the sword, With mean upbraidings.

SYPHAX.

Lælius, 'tis too true.

Curse on the cause!

LÆLIUS.

But where is Masinissa? The brave young victor, the Numidian Roman! Where is he? that my joy, my glad applause, From envy pure, may hail his happy state. Why that contemptuous smile?

SYPHAX.

Too credulous Roman,

I finile to think how that this Masinissa, This Rome-devoted heroe, must still more Attract thy praises by a late exploit. In every thing successful.

LÆLIUS.

What is this? These public shouts? A strange unusual joy O'er all the captive city blazes wide. What wanton riot reigns to night in Cirtha? Within these conquer'd walls?

SYPHAX.

This, Lælius, is

A night of triumph o'er my conqueror, O'er Masimissa.

LÆLIUS.

Masinissa! How?

SYPHAX.

Why he to night is married to my queen.

I.ÆLIUS.

Impossible! -

SYPHAX.

Yes, she, the fury! she,
Who put the nuptial torch into my hand,
That set my throne, my palace, and my kingdom,
All in a blaze — she now has seiz'd on him.
Will turn him soon from Rome — I know her power,
Her lips distil unconquerable poison.
O glorious thought! — will sink this hated youth,
Will crush him deep, beneath the mighty ruins
Of falling Carthage.

LÆLIUS:

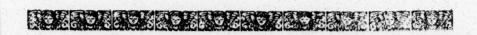
Can it be? Amazement!

SYPHAX.

Nay learn it from himfelf. — He comes — Away! Ye furies fnatch me from his fight! For hell, Its tortures all are gentle to the prefence Of a triumphant rival?

LÆLIUS.

What is man?



# SCENE IV.

MASINISSA, LÆLIUS.

### MASINISSA.

Thou more than partner of this glorious day? Which has from Carthage torn her chief support, And tottering left her, I rejoice to see thee—
To Cirtha welcome, Lælius.— Thy brave legions Now taste the sweet repose by valour purchas'd;

H 2

This

How? where is she?

This city pours refreshment on their toils. I order'd Narva —

LÆLIUS.

Thanks to Masinissa. All that is well. I here observed the king, But loosely guarded. True, indeed, from him There is not much to fear. The dangerous spirit, Still not unworthy fear, our matchless prize, Is his imperious queen, is Sophonisha. The pride, the rage of Carthage live in her.

MASINISSA.

She, Lælius? In my care.
Think not of her.
I'll answer for her conduct.
Lælius.

Yes, if in chains. Till then, believe me, prince, It were as hopeful answering for the winds, That their broad pinions will not rouze the defart; Or that the darted lightning will be harmless; As promise peace from her. — But why so dark? You shift your place, your countenance grows warm. It is not usual this in *Masinissa*. Pray what offence can asking for the queen, The *Roman* captive give?

MASINISSA.

Lælius, no more.

You know my marriage. — Syphax has been bufy —
It is unkind to dally with my passion.

Lælius.

Ah, Masinissa! was it then for this,
Thy hurry hither from the recent battle?
Is the first instance of the Roman bounty
Thus, thus abus'd? They give thee back thy kingdom;

And in return are of their captive robb'd; Of all they valued, Sophonisha. —

MASINISSA.

Robb'd!

How, Lalius? Robb'd!

LÆLIUS.

Yes, Masinissa, robb'd.

What is it else? But I, this very night, Will here assert the majesty of Rome; And, mark me, tear her from the nuptial bed.

MASINISSA.

Oh Gods! oh patience! As foon, fiery Roman! As foon thy rage might from her azure fphere. Tear yonder moon. — The man who feizes her, Shall fet his foot first on my bleeding heart. Of that be fure. — And is it thus ye treat. Your firm allies? Thus kings in friendship with you? Of human passions strip them? — Slaves indeed! If thus deny'd the common privilege Of nature, what the weakest creatures claim, A right to what they love.

LÆLIUS.

Out! out! - For shame!

This paffion makes thee blind. Here is a war, Which defolates the nations, has almost Laid waste the world. How many widows, orphans, And love-lorn virgins pine for it in Rome! Even her great senate droops; her nobles fail; Her Circus shrinks; her every lustre thins, Nature her felf, by frequent prodigies, Seems at this havock of her works to ficken: And our Aufonian plains are now become A horror to the fight: At each fad step, Remembrance weeps. Yet her, the greatest prize It hitherto has yielded; her, whose charms Are only turn'd to whet its cruel point; Thou to thy wedded breast hast taken her: Haft purchas'd thee her beauties by a fea Of thy protector's blood; and on a throne Set her, this day recover'd by their arms. Canft thou thy felf, thou, think of it with patience?

Nor to a Roman mention King. — A Roman Would fcorn to be a king. — The Roman people Took liberty from out the very duft, And for great ages urg'd it to the skies,

The

The dread of kings!

MASINISSA.

Be not fo haughty, Lælius. It scarce becomes the gentle Scipio's friend; Suits not thy wonted ease, the tender manners I still have mark'd in thee. I honour Rome; But honour too my felf, my vows, my queen: Nor will, nor can, I tamely hear thee threaten To seize her like a slave.

Lælius.
I will be calm.

This thy rash deed, this unexpected shock, Such a peculiar injury to me,
Thy friend and sellow-soldier, has perhaps
Snatch'd me too far. For hast thou not dishonour'd,
By this last action, a successful war?
Our common charge, entrusted us by Scipio.
MASINISSA.

Ay, there it is. — Has not thy vain ambition, (Oh where is friendship!) plan'd her for thy triumph? To think on't, death! to think it is dishonour. At such a sight, the warriour's eye might wet His burning cheek; and all the *Roman* matrons, Who line the laurel'd way, asham'd, and sad, Turn from a captive brighter than themselves. But *Scipio* will be milder.

Lælius.

I difdain

This thy furmife, and give it up to Scipio.

Those passions are not comely. — Here to morrow Comes the proconsul. Mean time, Masinissa, Ah harden not thy self in slattering hope!

Scipio is mild, but steady. — Ha! the queen.

I think she hates a Roman. — and will leave thee,

# 

## SCENE V.

SOPHONISBA, MASINISSA.

SOPHONISBA.

Was not that Roman Lælius, as I enter'd, Who parted gloomy hence?

MASINISSA.

Madam, the fame.

SOPHONISBA.

Unhappy Afric! fince these haughty Romans Have in this lordly manner trod thy courts.

I read his fresh reproaches in thy face; The lesson'd pupil in thy fallen look, In that forc'd smile which sickens on thy cheek.

MASINISSA.

Oh fay not fo, thou rapture of my foul! For while I fee thee, meditate thy charms, I finile as cordial as the fun in May; Deep from the heart, in every fense of joy I fondly smile.

SOPHONISBA.

Nay, tell me, Masinissa;
How feels their tyranny, when 'tis brought home?
When, lawless grown, it touches what is dear?
Pomp for a while may dazle thoughtless man,
False glory blind him; but there is a time,
When ev'n the slave in heart will spurn his chains,
Nor know submission more. — What said his pride?
Masinissa.

His disappointment for a moment only Burst in vain passion, and —

You stood abash'd;

You bore his threats, and tamely-filent heard him, Heard the fierce *Roman* mark me for his triumph. Oh bitter!

MASINISSA.

Banish that unkind suspicion.
The thought enslam'd my soul. I vow'd my life,
My last Massylian to the sword, ere he
Shou'd touch thy freedom with the least dishonour.
But that from Scipio —

SOPHONISBA.

Scipio!

MASINISSA.

That from him -

SOPHONISBA.

I tell thee, Masinissa, it from him I gain my freedom, from my self conceal it. I shall disdain such freedom.

MASINISSA.

Sophonisba!

Thou all my heart holds precious! doubt no more. Nor Rome, nor Scipio, nor a world combin'd Shall tear thee from me; till outstretch'd I lie, A nameless wretch!

SOPHONISBA.

If thy protection fails, Of this at least be sure, be very sure, To give me timely death.

MASINISSA.

Cease thus to talk,
Of death of Romans, of unkind ambition.
My softer thoughts those rugged themes refuse,
Can turn alone to love. — All, all, but thee,
All nature is a passing dream to me.
Fix'd in my view, thou dost for ever shine,
Thy form forth-beaming from the soul divine.
A spirit thine, which mortals might adore;
Despising love, and thence creating more.
Thou the high passions, I the tender prove,
Thy heart was form'd for glory, mine for love.
The End of the Fourth Ast.



# ACT V. SCENE I.

MASINISSA, NARVA.

#### MASINISSA.

Ail to the joyous day! With purple clouds,
The whole horizon glows. The breezy

Spring

And deals her fweets around. The fun too feems, As confcious of my joy, with brighter eye To look abroad the world; and all things smile Like Sophonisha. Love and friendship sure Have mark'd this day from out their choicest stores; For beauty rais'd by dignity and virtue, With all the graces all the loves embellish'd; Oh Sophonisha's mine! and Scipio comes!

My lord, the trumpets speak his near approach.

MASINISSA.

I want his fecret audience - Leave us, Narva.

## \*

## SCENE II.

Scipio, Masinissa.

### MASINISSA.

Scipio! more welcome than my tongue can speak! Oh greatly, dearly welcome!

Scipio.

My heart beats back thy joy. — A happy friend,
With

Ye fill the heart!

With laurel green, with conquest crown'd, and glory; Rais'd by his prudence, fortitude, and valour, O'er all his foes; and on his native throne, Amidst his rescu'd shouting subjects, set: Say, can the gods in lavish bounty give A sight more pleasing?

MASINISSA.

My great friend! and patron! It was thy timely, thy reftoring arm,
That brought me from the fearful defart-life;
To live again in state, and purple splendor.
And now I wield the sceptre of my fathers,
See my dear people from the tyrant's scourge,
From Syphax freed; I hear their glad applauses;
And, to compleat my happiness, have gain'd
A friend worth all. O gratitude, esteem,
And love like mine, with what divine delight

SCIPIO.

Heroic youth! thy virtue
Has earn'd whate'er thy fortune can bestow.
It was thy patience, Masinissa, patience,
A champion clad in steel, that in the waste
Attended still thy step, and sav'd my friend
For better days. What cannot patience do?
A great design is seldom snatch'd at once;
'Tis patience heaves it on. From savage nature,
'Tis patience that has built up human life,
The nurse of arts! and Rome exalts her head
An everlasting monument of patience.

MASINISSA.

If I have that, or any virtue, Scipio, 'Tis copy'd all from thee.

Scipio.

No Masinissa,

'Tis all unborrow'd, the spontaneous growth Of nature in thy breast. — Friendship for once Must, tho' thou blushest, wear a liberal tongue; Must tell thee, noble youth, that long experience,

In councils, battles, many a hard event, Has found thee still so constant, so fincere, So wife, fo brave, fo generous, fo humane, So well attemper'd, and fo fitly turn'd For what is either great or good in life, As casts distinguish'd honour on thy country; And cannot but endear thee to the Romans. For me, I think my labours all repaid, My wars in Afric. Masinissa's friendship Smiles at my foul. Be that my dearest triumph, To have affifted thy forlorn effate, And lent a happy hand in raifing thee To thy paternal throne, usurp'd by Syphax. The greatest service could be done my country, Diffracted Afric, and Mankind in general, Was aiding fure thy cause. To put the power, The public power, into the good man's hand, Is giving plenty, life, and joy to millions.

But has my friend, fince late we parted armies; Since he with Lælius acted fuch a brave, Auspicious part against the common soe; Has he been blameless quite? has he consider'd, How pleasure often on the youthful heart, Beneath the rosy soft disguise of love; (All sweetness, similes, and seeming innocence) Steals unperceiv'd, and lays the victor low? I would not, cannot, put thee to the pain———It pains me deeper—— of the least reproach.——Let thy too saithful memory supply The rest. (Pausing)

Thy filence, that dejected look, That honest colour flushing o'er thy check, Impart thy better foul.

MASINISSA.

Oh my good lord!
Oh Scipio! Love has feiz'd me, tyrant love
Inthralls my foul. I am undone by love!
Scipio.

And art thou then to ruin reconcil'd?

Tam'd to destruction? Wilt thou be undone?

Refign

Refign the towering thought? the vast design, With future glories big? the warriour's wreathe? The glittering files? the trumpets sprightly clang? The praise of senates? an applauding world? The patriot's statue, and the heroes triumph? All for a sigh? all for a soft embrace? For a gay transient sancy, Masinissa? For shame, my friend! for honour's sake, for glory! Sit not with solded arms, despairing, weak, And careless all, till certain ruin comes: Like a sick virgin sighing to the gale, Unconquerable love!

MASINISSA.

How chang'd indeed!
The time has been, when, fir'd from Scipio's tongue,
My foul had mounted in a flame with his.—
Where is ambition flown? Hopeless attempt!
Can love like mine be quell'd? Can I forget
What still possesses, charms my thoughts for ever
Throw scornful from me what I hold most dear?
Not feel the force of excellence? To joy
Be dead? And undelighted with delight?
Soft, let me think a moment—no! no!—
I am unequal to thy virtue, Scipio!
Scipio!

Fie, Masinissa, sie! By heavens! I blush At thy dejection, this degenerate language. What! perish for a woman! Ruin all, All the fair deeds which an admiring world Hopes from thy rising day; only to sooth A stubborn fancy, a luxurious will?

How must it, think you, sound in suture story? Young Massinisa was a virtuous prince, And Afric simil'd beneath his early ray; But that a Carthaginian captive came, By whom untimely in the common sate Of love he fell. The wise will scorn the page. And all thy praise be some fond maid exclaiming, Where are those lovers now? — O rather, rather, Had I ne'er seen the vital light of heaven,

Than like the vulgar live, and like them die! Ambition fickens at the very thought.—
To puff, and buftle here from day to day,
Lost in the passions of inglorious life,
Joys which the careless brutes possess above us.
And when some years, each duller than another,
Are thus elaps'd, in nauseous pangs to die;
And pass away, like those forgotten things,
That soon become as they had never been.

MASINISSA.

And am I dead to this?

SCIPIO.

The gods, young man,
Who train up heroes in misfortune's fchool,
Have shook thee with adversity, with each
Illustrious evil, that can raise, expand,
And fortify the mind. Thy rooted worth
Has stood these wintry blasts, grown stronger by
them.

Shall then in profperous times, while all is mild, All vernal, fair; and glory blows around thee; Shall then the dead Serene of pleasure come, And lay thy faded honours in the dust?

MASINISSA.

O gentle Scipio! spare me, spare my weakness. Scipio.

Remember Hannibal — A fignal proof,
A fresh example of destructive pleasure.
He was the dread of nations, once of Rome!
When from Bellona's bosom, nurs'd in camps,
And hard with toil, he down the rugged Alps
Rush'd in a torrent over Italy;
Unconquer'd, till the loose delights of Capua
Sunk his victorious arm, his genius broke,
Persum'd, and made a lover of the heroe.
And now he droops in Bruttium, fear'd no more,
Sinks on our borders like a scatter'd storm.
Remember him; and yet resume thy spirit,
Ere it is quite dissolv'd.

MASINISSA.

Shall Scipio stoop,
Thus to regard, to teach me wisdom thus;
And yet a stupid anguish at my heart
Repel whate'er he says? — But why, my lord,
Why should we kill the best of passions, love?
It aids the heroe, bids ambition rise,
Turns us to please, inspires immortal deeds,
Even softens brutes, and makes the good more good.
Scipio.

There is a holy tenderness indeed,
A nameless sympathy, a fountain-love;
Branch'd infinite from parents to their children,
From child to child, from kindred on to kindred,
In various streams, from citizen to citizen,
From friend to sriend, from man to man in general;
That binds, supports, and sweetens human life.
But is thy passion such? — List, Masnissa,
While I the hardest office of a friend
Discharge; and, with a necessary hand,
A hand the hards at present really tender,
I paint this passion. And if then thou still
Art bent to sooth it, I must sighing leave thee,
To what the Gods think fit.

MASINISSA.

O never, Scipio!
O never leave me to my felf! Speak on.
I dread, and yet defire thy friendly hand.
Scipio.

I hope that Masinissa need not now Be told, how much his happiness is mine; With what a warm benevolence I'd spring To raise, confirm it, to prevent his wishes. O luxury to think! — But while he rages, Burns in a fever, shall I let him quast Delicious poison for a cooling draught, In soolish pity to his thirst? shall I Let a swift stame consume him as he sleeps, Because his dreams are gay? shall I indulge A frenzy shash'd from an infectious eye?

A fudden impulse unapprov'd by reason? Nay by thy cool deliberate thought condemn'd? Refolv'd against? — A passion for a woman, Who has abus'd thee basely? left thy youth, Thy love as fweet, as tender as the fpring, The blooming heroe for the hoary tyrant? And now who makes thy sheltering arms alone Her last retreat, to save her from the vengeance, Which even her very perfidy to thee Has brought upon her head? — Nor is this all. — A woman who will ply her deepest arts, (Ah too prevailing, as appears already) Will never rest, till Syphax' fate is thine; Till friendship weeping slies; we join no more In glorious deeds, and thou fall off from Rome? I too could add, that there is fomething mean, Inhuman in thy passion. Does not Syphax, While thou rejoicest, die? The generous heart Should form a pleafure which gives others pain.

If this, my friend, all this confider'd deep, Allarm thee not, not rouze thy refolution, And call the heroe from his wanton flumber,

Then Masinissa's lost.

MASINISSA.

Oh, I am pierc'd! In every thought am pierc'd! 'Tis all too true. -I wish I could refuse it. — Whither, whither, Thro' what inchanted wilds have I been wandering? They feem'd Elyfium, the delightful plains, The happy groves of heroes and of lovers: But the divinity that breathes in thee Has broke the charm, and I am in a defart; Far from the land of peace. It was but lately That a pure joyous calm o'erfpread my foul, And reason tun'd my passions into bliss; When love came hurrying in, and with rash hand, Mix'd them delirious, till they now ferment To mifery. — There is no reasoning down This deep, deep anguish! this continual pang! A thousand things! whene'er my raptur'd thought

Runs back a little. — But I will not think. — And yet I must — Oh Gods! that I could lose What a fond few hours memory has grav'd On adamant.

SCIPIO.

But one strong effort more,
And the fair field is thine — A conquest far
Excelling that o'er Syphax. What remains,
Since now thy madness to thy felf appears,
But an immediate manly resolution,
To shake off this esseminate disease;
These soft ideas, which seduce thy soul,
Make it all idle, unaspiring, weak,
A scene of dreams; to pust them to the winds,
And be my former friend, thy self again?

I joy to find thee touch'd by generous motives; And that I need not bid thee recollect, Whose awful property thou hast usurp'd; Need not affure thee, that the Roman people, The fenators of Rome, will never fuffer A dangerous woman, their devoted foe, A woman, whose irrefragable spirit Has in great part fuftain'd this bloody war, Whose charms corrupted Syphax from their side, And fir'd embattled nations into rage; Will never fuffer her, when gain'd fo dear, To ruin thee too, taint thy faithful breaft, And kindle future war. No, fate it felf Is not more fleady to the right than they. And, where the public good but feems concern'd, No motive their impenetrable hearts, Nor fear nor tenderness, can touch: such is The spirit, that has rais'd Imperial Rome.

MASINISSA.

Ah killing truth! — But I have promis'd, Scipio! Have fworn to fave her from the Roman power. My plighted faith is pass'd, my hand is given. And, by the conscious gods! who mark'd my vows, The whole united world shall never have her. For I will die a thousand thousand deaths,

With

With all Massylia in one field expire; Ere to the lowest wretch, much more to her I love, to Sophonisha, to my queen, I violate my word.

SCIPIO.

My heart approves
Thy refolution, thy determin'd honour.
For ever facred be thy word, and oath.
Virtue by virtue will alone be clear'd,
And fcorns the crooked methods of dishonour.
But, thus divided, how to keep thy faith
At once to Rome and Sophonisha; how
To fave her from our chains, and yet thyself
From greater bondage; this thy secret thought
Can best inform thee.

MASINISSA.

Agony! Distraction! These wilful tears!—O look not on me, Scipio! For I'm a child again.

SCIPIO.

Thy tears are no reproach. Tears oft look graceful on the manly cheek. The Cruel cannot weep. Even Friendship's eye Gives thee the drop it would refuse itself. I know 'tis hard, wounds every bleeding nerve About thy heart, thus to tear off thy passion. But for that very reason, Masinissa, 'Tis hop'd from thee. The harder, thence refults The greater glory. — Why should we pretend To conquer, rule mankind, be first in power, In great affemblies, honour, place, and pleafure, While flaves at heart? while by fantastick turns Our frantic passions rage? The very thought Should turn our pomp to shame, our sweet to bitter; And, when the shouts of millions meet our ears, Whifper reproach. — O ye celestial powers! What is it, in a torrent of fuccess, To bear down nations, and o'erflow the world? All your peculiar favour. Real glory Springs from the filent conquest of ourselves; And And without that the conqueror is nought
Save the first slave. — Then rouze thee, Masinissa!
Nor in one weakness all thy virtues lose;
And oh beware of long, of vain repentance!

MASINISSA.

Well! well! no more. - It is but dying too!

# TO THE PARTY OF TH

# SCENE III.

Scipio alone.

I wish I have not urg'd the truth to rigour! There is a time when virtue grows severe, Too much for nature, and even almost cruel.

# $\omega$

# SCENE IV.

Scipio, Lælius.

Scipio.

Poor Masinissa, Lælius, is undone; Betwixt his passion and his reason tost In miserable constit.

LÆLIUS.

Entering, Scipio,
He shot athwart me, nor vouchsaf'd one look.
Hung on his clouded brow I mark'd despair,
And his eye glaring with some dire resolve.
Fast o'er his cheek too ran the hasty tear.
It were great pity that he should be lost!
Scipio.

By heavens! to lofe him were a shock, as if I lost thee, Lælius, lost my dearest brother,

Bound

Bound up in friendship from our infant years. A thousand lovely qualities endear him, Only too warm of heart.

Lælius. What fhall be done?

Scipio.

Here let it rest, till time abates his passion.

Nature is nature, *Lælius*, let the Wise

Say what they please. But now perhaps he dies. —

Haste! haste! and give him hope —I have not time

To tell thee what. — Thy prudence will direct —

Whatever is consistent with my honour,

My duty to the publick, and my friendship.

My duty to the publick, and my friendship To him himself, say, promise, shall be done. I hope returning reason will prevent Our farther care.

Lælius.
I fly with joy.
Scipio.

His life

Not only fave, but Sophonisha's too:
For both I fear are in this passion mixt.

Lælius.

It sha! I be done.

# 

# SCENE V.

Scipio alone.

When love pours in his added violence, What are the pangs which Masinissa feels!

# 我我我就想想我我我我我我我我我

# SCENE VI.

SOPHONISBA, PHOENISSA.

### SOPHONISBA.

Yes, Masinissa loves me — Heavens! how fond! But yet I know not what hangs on my spirit, A dismal boding; for this fatal Scipio, I dread his virtues, this prevailing Roman, Even now perhaps deludes the generous king, Fires his ambition with mistaken glory, Demands me from him; for full well he knows, That, while I live, I must intend their ruin.

PHOENISSA.

Madam, these fears -

### SOPHONISBA.

And yet it cannot be. Can Scipio, whom even hostile same proclaims Of perfect honour, and of polish'd manners, Smooth, artful, winning, moderate, and wise, Make such a wild demand? Or, if he could, Can Massinissa grant it? give his queen, Whom love and honour bind him to protect, Yield her a captive to triumphant Rome? 'Tis baseness to suspect it; 'tis inhuman.

What then remains? — Suppose they should re-

By right of war to feize me for their prize. Ay, there it kills! — What can his fingle arm, Against the Roman power? that very power By which he stands restor'd? Distracting thought! Still o'er my head the rod of bondage hangs. Shame on my weakness! — This poor catching hope, This transient taste of joy, will only more Imbitter death.

PHOENISSA.

A moment will decide.

Madam, till then -

SOPHONISBA.

Would I had dy'd before!

And am I dreaming here? Here from the Romans,
Befeeching I may live to fwell their triumph?

When my free fpirit should ere now have join'd
That great assembly, those devoted shades,
Who scorn'd to live till liberty was lost,
But ere their country fell, abhorr'd the light.

Whence this pale slave? he trembles with his mes-

fage.

# 

# SCENE VII.

Sophonisea, Phoenissa; and to them a Slave, with a letter and poison from Masinissa.

SLAVE kneeling.
This, Madam, from the King, and this.
SOPHONISBA.

Ha! - Stay.

(Reads the Letter.)

Rejoice, *Phænissa!* Give me joy, my friend! For here is liberty! My fears are air! The hand of *Rome* can never touch me more! Hail! perfect freedom, hail!

PHOENISSA.

How? what? my queen!

Ah what is this?

(Pointing to the poison.)

SOPHONISBA.

The first of bleffings, death.

PHOENISSA.

Alas! alas! can I rejoice in that?

Sorno-

SOPHONISBA.

Shift not thy colour at the found of death; For death appears not in a dreary light, Seems not a blank to me; a losing all Those fond fensations, those enchanting dreams, Which cheat a toiling world from day to day, And form the whole of happiness they know. It is to me perfection, glory, triumph. Nay fondly would I chuse it, tho' persuaded It were a long dark night without a morning, To bondage far prefer it! fince it is Deliverance from a world where Romans rule, Where violence prevails — And timely too — Before my country falls; before I feel As many stripes, as many chains, and deaths, As there are lives in Carthage. — Glorious charter! By which I hold immortal life and freedom, Come, let me read thee once again. — And then, To thy great purpose.

(Reads the letter aloud.)

# MASINISSA to his QUEEN.

The Gods know with what pleasure I would have kept my faith to Sophonisha in another manner. But since this fatal bowl can alone deliver thee from the Romans: call to mind thy father, thy country, that thou hast been the wife of two kings; and att up to the distates of thy own heart. I will not long survive thec.

Oh, 'tis wondrous well!
Ye Gods of death! who rule the Stygian gloom,
Ye who have greatly dy'd! I come! I come!
I die contented, fince I die a queen;
By Rome untouch'd, unfullied by their power;
So much their terror that I must not live.

And thou, go tell the king, if this is all The nuptial prefent he can fend his bride, I thank him for it — But that death had worn

An easier face before I trusted him.

His poison, tell him too, he might have spar'd,
These times may want it for himself; and I
Live not of such a cordial unprovided.

Add, hither had he come, I could have taught
Him how to die. — I linger not, remember,
I stand not shivering on the brink of life;
And, but these votive drops, which grateful thus

(Taking them from the poison)

# 

# SCENE VIII.

SOPHONISBA, PHOENISSA.

### SOPHONISBA.

My friend!
In tears, my friend! Dishonour not my death
With womanish complaints. Weep not for me,
Weep for thy self, Phanisa, for thy country,
But not for me. There is a certain hour,
Which one would wish all undisturbed and bright,
No care, no forrow, no dejected passions,
And that is when we die; when hence we go,
Ne'er to be seen again; then let us spread
A bold exalted wing, and the last voice
We hear be that of wonder and applause.

PHOENISSA.
Who with the patriot wishes not to die!
Sophonisba.

And is the facred moment then fo near?

The moment, when you fun, those heavens, this earth

Hateful

Hateful to me, polluted by the Romans, And all the bufy flavish race of men, Shall fink at once; and strait another state, New scenes, new joys, new faculties, new wonders, Rife on a fudden round: but this the gods In clouds and horror wrap, or none would live! How liberal is death! - Methinks, I feem To touch the happy shore. — Behind me frowns A flormy fea, with toffing mortals thick; While, unconfin'd and green, before me lies The land of blifs, and everlafting freedom: Where walk the mighty dead; all of one mind, One blooming fmile, one language, and one country. Oh to be there! — my breast begins to burn; My tainted heart grows fick. — Ah me! Phanissa, How many virgins, infants, tender wretches, Must feel these pangs, ere Carthage is no more! Soft — lead me to my couch — My shivering Limbs, Do this last office, and then rest for ever.

Do this last office, and then rest for ever.

I pray thee weep not, pierce me not with groans.

The king too here. — Nay then my death is full!



## SCENE IX.

Sophonisba, Phoenissa, Masinissa, Læljus, Narva.

## MASINISSA.

Has Sophonisha drank this cursed bowl?
Oh horror! horror! what a fight is here!
Sophonisha.

Had I not drank it, Masinissa, then, I had deserv'd it.

MASINISSA.

Exquisite distress!

Oh bitter, bitter fate! And this last hope Compleats my woe.

SOPHONISBA.

When will these ears be deaf

To misery's complaint? These eyes be blind To mischief wrought by Rome?

MASINISSA.

Too foon! too foon! -:

Ah why fo hafty? But a little while, Hadft thou delay'd this horrid draught; I then Had been as happy, as I now am wretched!

SOPHONISBA.

What means this talk of hope? of coward waiting?

What have I done? Oh heavens! I cannot think Without diffraction, hell, and burning anguish, On my rash deed!—But, while I talk, she dies! And how? what? where am I then?—Say, canst thou

Forgive me, Sophonisha?

SOPHONISBA,

Yes, and more,

More than forgive thee, thank thee, Masinissa. Hadst thou been weak, and dally'd with my freedom,

Till by proud Rome enflav'd; that injury I never had forgiven.

MASINISSA.

I came with life!

Lælius and I from Scipio hasted hither;
But death was here before us — this vile poison!
Sophonisba.

With life! — There was some merit in the poison; But this destroys it all. — And couldst thou think Me mean enough to take it? — Oh! Phænissa, This mortal toil is almost at an end. — Receive my parting soul.

L

PHOENISSA

PHOENISSA.

Alas, my queen!

Dies! dies! and fcorns me! — Mercy! Sophonisha! Grant one forgiving look, while yet thou canst; Or death it felf, the grave cannot relieve me: But, with the furies join'd, my frantic ghost Will howl for ever. — Quivering! and pale! Have I done this?

SOPHONISBA.

Come nearer, Masinissa. -

Out! stubborn nature! -

MASINISSA.

Mifery! these pangs

To me transfer'd were ease. — A moment only! An agonizing moment! while I have An age of things to say!

SOPHONISBA.

We, but for Rome,
Might have been happy. — Rouze thee now, my foul!
The cold deliverer comes. — Be mild to Syphax —
In my furviving friend behold me still —
Farewell! — 'Tis done! — O never, never, Carthage,
Shall I behold thee more!

(Dies.)

MASINISSA.

Dead! dead! oh dead!

Is there no death for me?

(Snatches Lælius's fword to stab himself.)

LÆLIUS.

Hold, Masinissa!

MASINISSA.

And wouldst thou make a coward of me, Lælius? Have me survive that murder'd excellence?

Did she not stir? Ha! Who has shock'd my brain! It whirls, it blazes. — Was it thou, old man?

NARVA.

Alas! alas! — good Masinissa, softly! Let me conduct thee to thy couch.

MASINISSA.

The grave

Were welcome. — But ye cannot make me live!

Oppress'd with life! — Off! — crowd not thus around me!

For I will hear, fee, think no more! — Thou fun, Keep up thy hated beams! And all I want Of thee, kind earth, is an immediate grave!

Ay, there she lyes! — Why to that pallid sweetness Can not I, Nature! lay my lips, and die!

(Throws bimself beside ber.)

LÆLIUS.

See there the ruins of the noble mind, When from calm reason passion tears the sway. What pity she should perish! — Cruel war, 'Tis not the least missortune in thy train, That oft by thee the brave destroy the brave. She had a Roman soul; for every one Who loves, like her, his country is a Roman.

Whether on Afric's fandy plains he glows, Or lives untam'd among Riphwan fnows. If parent-liberty the breaft inflame, The gloomy Libyan then deferves that name: And, warm with freedom, under frozen skies, In farthest Britain Romans yet may rise.

4 AP 54

The End of the Fifth Act.

# CONTROL CONTRO

# EPILOGUE.

By a FRIEND.

Spoken by Mrs. CIBBER.

OW, I'm afraid, the modest taste in vogue Demands a strong, high-season'd epilogue. Else might some silly soul take pity's part, And odious virtue sink into the heart.

Our squeamish author scruples this proceeding; He says it hurts sound morals, and good breeding: Nor Sophonisha would be here produce, A glaring model, of no private use. Ladies, he bid me say, behold your Cato. What the no Stoic she, nor read in Plato? Yet sure she offer'd, for her country's sake, A sacrifice, which Cato could not make——Already, now, these wicked men are sneering, Some wresting what one says, and others leering. I now they have not strength for—public spirit. That, ladies, must be your superior merit.

Mercy forbid! we should lay down our lives;
Like these old, Punic, barbarous, heathen wives.

Spare christian blood. — But sure the devil's in her,
Who for her country would not lose a pinner.
—Lard! how could such a creature shew her face?
How? — Just as you do there — thro' Brussels Lace.
The Roman fair, the public in distress,
Gave up the dearest ornaments of dress.

How

# EPILOGUE.

How much more cheaply might you gain applause?

— One yard of Ribban, and two ells of Gause.

And Gause each deep-read critic must adore;

Your Roman ladies dress'd in Gause all o'er.

Should you, fair patriots, come to dress so thin;

How clear might all your — sentiments be seen.

To foreign looms no longer owe your charms;

Nor make their trade more fatal than their arms.

Each British dame, who courts her country's praise,

By quitting these outlandish modes, might raise

(Not from you powder'd band, so thin, and spruce)

Ten able-bodied men, for — public use.

But now a serious word about the play.—
Auspicious smile on this his first essay,
Ye generous Britons! your own sons inspire;
Let your applauses fan their native sire.
Then other Shakespears yet may rouze the stage,
And other Otways melt another age.

4 AP 54

FINIS.



# 

A NUPTIAL SONG, intended to have been inserted in the Fourth Act.

C ME, gentle Venus! and affwage.

A warring world, a bleeding age.

For nature lives beneath thy ray,

The wintry tempests haste away,

A lucid calm invests the sea,

Thy native deep is full of thee;

And slowering earth, where'er you sly,

Is all o'er spring, all sun the sky.

A genial spirit warms the breeze;

Unseen, among the blooming trees,

The seather'd lovers tune their throat,

The defart growls a soften'd note,

Glad o'er the meads the cattle bound,

And love and harmony go round.

But chief, into the human heart You strike the dear delicious dart; You teach us pleasing pangs to know, To languish in luxurious woe, To feel the generous passions rise, Grow good by gazing, mild by sighs; Each happy moment to improve, And fill the perfect year with love.

Come, thou delight of heaven and earth! To whom all creatures owe their birth; Oh come, red-finiling! tender, come! And yet prevent our final doom. For long the furious god of war Has crush'd us with his iron car, Has rag'd along our ruin'd plains, Has curs'd them with his cruel stains, Has clos'd our youth in endless sleep, And made the widow'd virgin weep.

Now let him feel thy wonted charms; Oh take him to thy twining arms! And, while thy bosom heaves on his, While deep he prints the humid kifs, Ah then! his stormy heart controul, And figh thy felf into his foul.

Thy fon too, Cupid, we implore,
To leave the green Idalian shore;
Be he, sweet god! our only foe;
Long let him draw the twanging bow,
Transfix us with his golden darts,
Pour all his quiver on our hearts,
With gentler anguish make us sigh,
And teach us sweeter deaths to die.



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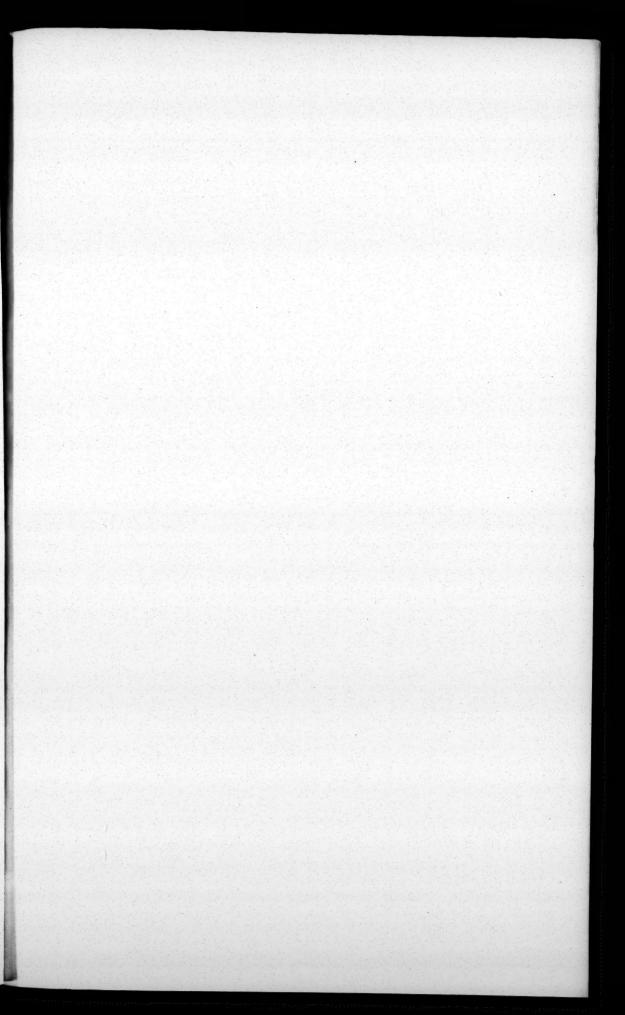
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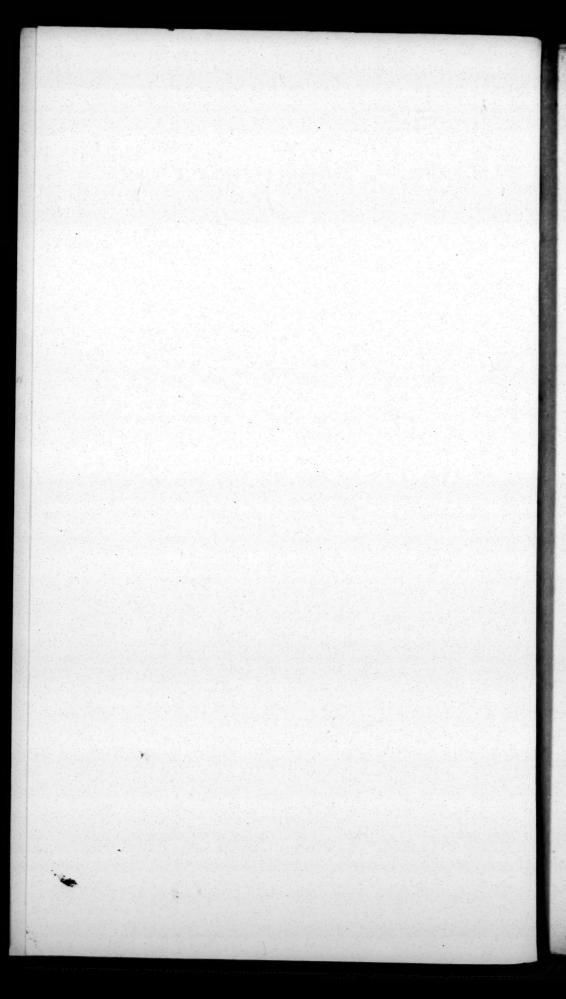
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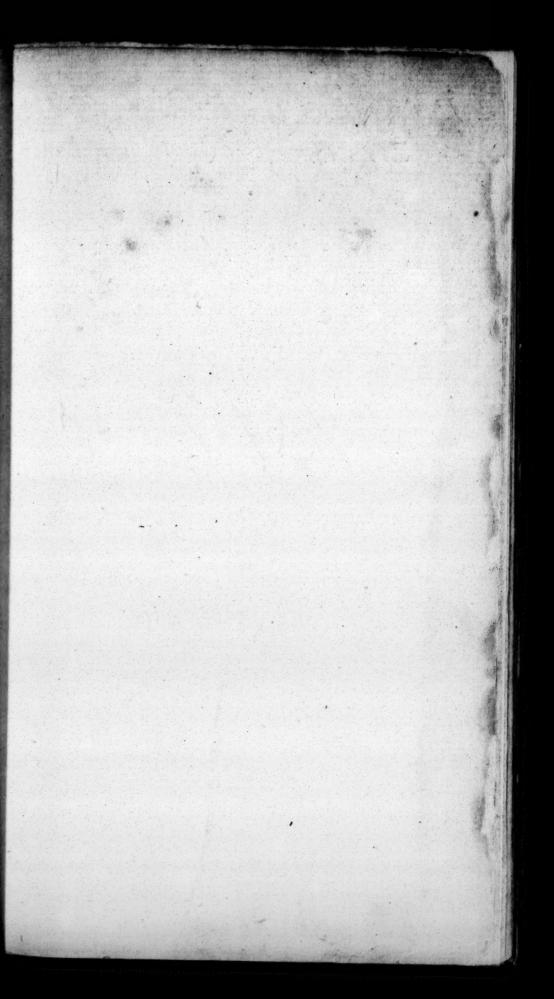
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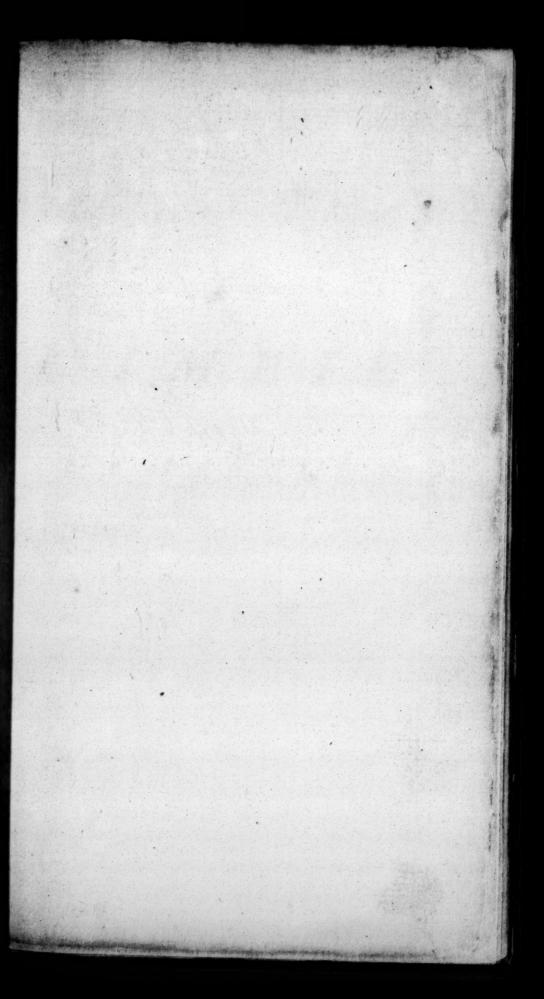
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